FRENCH REVOLUTION

Required Reading

Wright, *France in Modern Times*
Tocqueville, *The Old Regime and the French Revolution*
Palmer, *Twelve Who Ruled*
Rowe, “Civilians and Warfare during the French Revolutionary Wars.” (Ereserve)
Holtman, *The Napoleonic Revolution*
Walter, *Diary of a Napoleonic Soldier*

Supplementary readings are on the University of Montana library website under course materials. The password is the class number hstr352.

Exams

This class is only offered for a traditional grade.

Midterm (tentative date June 10) will cover Wright pp. 3-56, Tocqueville, Rowe, Palmer, and readings on ereserve.

Final will cover Wright, pp. 57-122, Holtman, and Walter, and readings on ereserve.

Papers are due June 4 at the beginning of the class hour. No electronic submissions will be accepted. LATE PAPERS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
Length: 5-7 pages double spaced.
Style: Chicago Manual of Style, Footnotes.
All papers should be submitted with the usual scholarly apparatus, that is, title page, footnotes, and bibliography.

Plagiarism (see the Student Conduct Code) means not just failure of the specific assignment but failure in the class.
Failure to complete a requirement can mean failure in the class.

Topics

ABSOLUTISM AND DESPOTISM IN EARLY MODERN FRANCE

“A despot, be he the best of men, commits a crime by governing according to his own sweet will. He is a good shepherd who reduces his subjects to the level of animals.” (Diderot)
THE ANCIEN REGIME

“We can see how it was that a successful revolution could tear down the whole social structure almost in a twinkling of an eye.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

Reading: Wright, pp. 3-13
Loyseau, *A Treatise on Orders*
Bossuet, *Political Treatise*
Tocqueville up to 192, 225-256.

THE INTELLECTUAL ORIGINS OF THE REVOLUTION

“Our revolutionaries had the same fondness for broad generalizations, cut and dried legislative systems, and a pedantic symmetry; the same contempt for hard facts; the same taste for reshaping institutions on novel, ingenious, original lines; the same desire to reconstruct the entire constitution according to the rules of logic and a preconceived system instead of trying to rectify its faulty parts. The result was nothing short of disastrous.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

THE ENLIGHTENMENT

The Revolution strayed from the primrose path of enlightened happiness to the strait and narrow road of Jacobin virtue, from the principle of representative and constitutional government to the rule of an authoritarian elite, from the philosophers’ ideal of peace to the revolutionaries’ crusading war and the Napoleonic war of conquest. Nothing could have been more alien to the Enlightenment than this transition from the ideals of democracy and peace to a policy of dictatorship and war...The influence of the Enlightenment cannot be disregarded in any history of the French Revolution; but the revolutionaries did not set their course by its light in the beginning, nor did they steer the ship of state into the haven of the Enlightenment in the end.”

Reading: Wright, pp. 24-32
Rousseau, *A Discourse on the Origin of Inequality*
Tocqueville, 195-217
"The art of taxation consists in so plucking the goose to obtain the largest amount of feathers, with the least amount of hissing." (Colbert)

"The recent revolution would not have reached this point had the people had bread. And the people would forgotten freedom and the hope of freedom if they had been able to forget their stomachs." (Friedrich Schulz, Über Paris und die Pariser)

"How though the reign of Louis XVI was the most prosperous period of the monarchy, this prosperity hastened the outbreak of the Revolution.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

Reading: Wright, pp. 14-23
   Turgot, Endowments
   Parlementary Remonstrance
   Tocqueville, pp. 217-224

STRUGGLE BETWEEN KING AND PARLEMENT

"The story of the resurgence of the French nobility is first and foremost the story of how the high robe was to demonstrate its power to obstruct the monarchy and win general recognition as the indispensable defender of privileged interests.” (Franklin Ford)

"It is astonishing that nowadays it is thought fitting to treat as founded the absolute power of the prince, without hearkening to the testimony of thirteen centuries during which we see the kingdom established solely by the blood, the labor, and the expenditures of the old nobility.” (Boulainvilliers, Lettres sur les anciens parlements de France)

Reading:
   Louis XV, The Session of the Scourging
   Louis XV, Desist
   Malesherbes, Remonstrance of the Court of Aides

THE FAILURE OF REFORM

"The Revolution was, in the words of Albert Schweitzer, `a fall of snow on blossoming trees.'” (Alfred Cobban)

Reading: Wright, pp. 33-40
   Turgot, Letter to the King on Finance
   Remonstrances of Parlement of Paris
   Louis XVI, Reply to the Parlement of Paris
THE OVERTURN, MAY TO AUGUST 1789

“What then is the Third Estate? All; but an all that is fettered and oppressed. What would it be without the privileged order? It would be all; but free and flourishing. Nothing will go well without the Third Estate: everything would go considerably better without the two others.”
(Sièyes)

Read: Wright, pp. 41-51
Cahiers
Siéyès, What is the Third Estate?
Miot de Mélito, Memoirs

THE FALL OF THE BASTILLE TRIGGERS EVENTS

“Louis XVI: “It’s a revolt.”
I: “No, Sire, it’s a revolution.” (Duke of Lioncourt)

“What then, is their blood so pure?” (Barnave)

Reading:
The Decree Abolishing the Feudal System
Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen

THE SECOND PHASE OF THE REVOLUTION, 1789-1791

“Let us make haste while we are still in our political youth while the fire of liberty still burns within us and our holy and generous enthusiasm still endures.” (Duport)

Reading:
The Civil Constitution of the Clergy
Le Chapelier Law

THE FLIGHT TO VARENNES

“The nation can never give back its confidence to a man who, false to his trust, perjured to his oath, conspires a clandestine flight, obtains a fraudulent passport, conceals a king of France under the disguise of a valet, directs his course toward a frontier covered with traitors and deserters, and evidently meditates a return into our country, with a force capable of imposing his own despotic laws.” (Placard, 1 July 1791)

“What remains to the King other than a vain semblance of monarchy?”
(Louis XVI, 20 June 1791)

Reading: The King’s Declaration
THE WIDENING FISSURES

"La guerre revolutionna la Revolution." (M. Reinhard)

Reading: 
The Brunswick Manifesto

THE SECOND REVOLUTION – THE UPRISING OF AUGUST 10

“The Revolution is over.” (Robespierre, September 1791)

THE REVOLUTIONIZING OF THE REVOLUTION

“For the violence of the revolutionary movement tore apart the structure of French society, leaving a country so bitterly divided on political, religious, social and economic principles and policies as to be virtually ungovernable.”

“Nous sommes places entre l’anarchie du terrorisme et celle du royalisme.” (Florent Guiot, Representative on mission in the Nord)

Reading: Wright, 52-54  
Saint-Just, Speech
Robespierre, Speech Asking the Death Penalty for Louis XVI

THE REIGN OF TERROR

“Les dieux onto soif.” (Camille Desmouline)

“There is no middle ground; France must be entirely free or perish in the attempt, and any means are justifiable in fighting for so fine a cause.” (Parisian newspaper)

Reading: Wright, pp. 54-56  
Palmer, 3-108, 130-177, 202-360  
Law of 14 frimaire  
Robespierre, On Political Morality  
The Law of Suspects

THE TERROR AND PROPAGANDA

“There is nowhere so much talk of liberty as in a state where it has ceased to exist.”  
(Rousseau)
THE CREATION OF UNE VOLONTÉ UNIQUE

"Marat n'est point mort." (Jacques Roux)

Reading:
Palmer, pp. 108-129
Robespierre, *Report on the Principles of a Revolutionary Government*
Decree on the Maximum
*Levée en masse*

War and Revolution

"Belgium, like all our conquests, must be treated like a conquered land."
(Tallien)

Reading:
*Decree of January 31, 1793*
Carnot, *Letter*
La Harpe, *Protests*
Rowe, *Civilians and Warfare*

THE FALL OF ROBESPIERRE

"The blood of Danton chokes him." (A Deputy)

Reading: Wright, pp. 56-57
Palmer, pp. 361-396
Desmoulins, *Plea for Clemency*
Thibadeau, *Mémoires*
*Law of 22 Prairial*

ART AND REVOLUTION

"David, where are you; take up your brush." (Guiraut)

THE THERMIDOREANS

"There are as it were thirteen governments which can neither act harmoniously nor get on with one another." (Thibadeau)

Reading: Carrier, *Letter*
THE DIRECTORY

“Studied barbarism, systematic atrocity, calculated corruption.” (Joseph de Maistre)

Reading: Wright, pp. 57-61
   Stofflet, Proclamation
   Charette, Declaration
   Price Chart

MIRAGE OF THE MODERATES

“Your tyrants have destroyed the altars of your God and the throne of your king.”
   (Louis XVIII)

Reading: Babeuf, Defense

COUP OF 18 BRUMAIRE

“What’s in the new constitution?”
   Reply: “Bonaparte.”

Reading: Wright, pp. 61-62
   Holtman, 26-34, 120-138
   Napoleon, Letter to Josephine

THE CONSOLIDATION OF HIS AUTHORITY

“If he lasts as year he will go far.” (Talleyrand)

Reading: Wright, pp. 63-68
   Holtman, pp. 72-99
   Méneval, Description of Napoleon

NAPOLEON AND FRANCE

“Napoleon was as great as a man can be without virtue.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

Reading: Wright, pp. 79-82, 119-130
   Holtman, pp. 139-162, 99-120
   Rémusat, Memoirs
   Imperial Catechism
NAPOLEON’S ART OF WAR
“In war all that is useful is legitimate.” (Napoleon)

Reading: Holtman, pp. 35-71
Napoleon, Observations on War

NAPOLEON’S DEFEAT

“You accuse us of failing in our duty to our honor and Napoleon...We have done enough for him; our present duty is to save our country.”
(Layfayette)

Reading:
Pasquier, Memoirs, the Continental System
Constant, Memoirs, Crossing the Beresina
Walter, Diary of a Napoleonic Soldier

APPRaisal

“In time of violent passions, we must surely keep from speaking reason.”
(Malesherbes)

Reading: Holtman, pp. 163-193
Burke, Letters on a Regicide Peace

THE VIENNA SETTLEMENT

“A World Restored?” (Kissinger)

THE BOURBON RESTORATION

“Given in Paris in the year of our Lord 1814, and of our reign the nineteenth.” (Louis XVIII)

Reading: Wright, pp. 89-92

THE HUNDRED DAYS

“An act of madness which can be dealt with by a few rural policemen.”
(Moniteur)

Reading: Wright, pp. 93-98
Holtman, pp. 194-212

CHARLES X AND THE REVOLUTION OF 1830

“The Charter cannot keep me from doing my will.”

Reading: Wright, pp. 98-105
THE JULY MONARCHY

“He had a profound knowledge of human beings, but he knew them only through their vices.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

Reading: Wright, pp. 106-118

PROBLEMS OF THE MONARCHY

“Enrichissez-vous” (Guizot)

REVOLUTION OF 1848

“The revolution of contempt. (Lamartine)

Reading: Wright, pp. 118-122

THE WRONG REVOLUTION?

“There have been more mischievous revolutionaries than those of 1848, but I doubt if there have been any stupider.” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

DAUMIER

“Do you not feel a gale of revolution in the air?” (Alexis de Tocqueville)

THE ALTERNATIVE VISION

“Let us not pose as the apostles of a new religion.” (Proudhon)

RECAPITULATION & REVIEW