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### ASTR 142N.80: The Evolving Universe - Honors

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# **Astronomy 142: The Evolving Universe**

University of Montana, Spring 2022

MWF 2:00 – 2:50 pm, CHCB 230

Tu 2:00 – 3:50 pm, CHCB 230

Course Number 30840

**Professor: Dr. Nate McCrady**

e-mail: nate.mccrady@umontana.edu

Office Hours: by appointment

## **Course Description**

In Astronomy 142, we'll study our amazing, dynamic and varied Universe. We'll investigate our place in the Universe, and how we got here. We'll examine the night sky and the tools we use to study it. We'll explore the Solar System, probe the interiors of planets and learn the techniques used to detect exoplanets orbiting distant stars. We'll speculate about astrobiology and the prospects of life elsewhere in the Universe. We'll learn about the births, lives and spectacular deaths of stars. We'll consider familiar objects like our local star (the Sun), more fantastic things like quasars, exploding supernovae and the expanding Universe, and things we cannot even see like supermassive black holes, dark matter and dark energy. Our studies will take us from the very small scale of subatomic particles to the largest scale of all: the primordial cosmic microwave background radiation that fills the Universe! Along the way we'll discover how the Universe began, how it is changing, and its final fate, and examine the many ways astronomers piece together this wondrous puzzle.

## **Course Objectives**

My goals in this course are to...

1. Convey the framework and physical basis of our understanding of the Universe.
2. Demonstrate that the Universe is dynamic and ever changing.
3. Establish that the Universe is knowable through the process of science and that physical laws are universal.

## **Required Materials**

*Astronomy*

by A. Fraknoi, D. Morrison and S. Wolff

This OpenStax textbook is available FREE(!) at <https://openstax.org/details/books/astronomy>

## **Expectations of the Professor**

This is an honors university science course that offers an intensive learning environment for motivated undergraduates. The sole pre-requisite is a working knowledge of precalculus (algebra and trigonometry). Class meetings are an essential part of this course, and it will be to your benefit to attend class meetings, whether in-person or remotely via Zoom. Group work is an integral part of your learning experience, and you must participate to benefit. Quizzes will be based on material presented in class and the lab activities. This course is a collaborative effort – please ask questions, offer your opinions and ideas, and be prepared to participate in the discussion.

At UM, one “credit” represents three hours of work by the student. This is a four-credit course, so you can expect to put 12 hours of work into the course each week, including time in class. I strongly recommend that you complete the day's reading assignment before attending class.

## **Classroom Activities**

Being actively involved in class activities will help you learn better. That is why I'm going to such effort to provide opportunities for you to engage! Your role in this class is to actively participate and take charge of your own learning. This means reading the relevant sections of the textbook before each class

meeting, asking questions, discussing the material and activities with other students in class, and coming to office hours if you are struggling. My role as the instructor is to find ways to help you learn, show illustrative examples, ask you questions to find out what is confusing you, be available for and answer your questions, and provide lots of tools, feedback, and ways for you to assess your own learning.

Astronomy is a varied field, and as such we will approach the course material in a variety of ways. Most days will include a discussion of new material as listed on the course schedule in this syllabus. On Mondays, class will begin with a 10 minute quiz over material from the previous week. Tuesdays are the 2-hour lab class, with small group lab activities on the topic of the week. On Wednesdays, a pair of students will present a topic from an Astrobites article. Fridays will feature a small group order-of-magnitude estimation problem, worked in class with no access to other information sources. At some point during the semester, weather and virus permitting, we will also use the university's 0.4-meter telescope to observe the night sky from campus.

### **Grading Policy**

This course will be graded on the University's traditional letter grade system. Your grade will be based on your performance as weighted below. I have not chosen in advance how many As, Bs, etc to award – you will get the grade you earn regardless of the grades of your classmates. You are most certainly **NOT** competing with each other for grades! Do work together – you will learn a lot from your peers.

|               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| Homework      | 25%         |
| Labs          | 25%         |
| Quizzes       | 25% (total) |
| Participation | 15%         |
| Final exam    | 10%         |

There will be ten quizzes, each 10 minutes in length, scheduled at the beginning of class on Mondays. Each quiz represents 2.5% of your course grade. There will be ~14 lab activities, typically conducted during the Tuesday afternoon lab sessions. Homework problems are due in class on Fridays. There will be no penalty for late work, but do try to stay current on the homework as it will prepare you for the quizzes. I cannot accept late work beyond May 9, as I will need sufficient time for grading. Your participation grade will consist of an oral report to the class (5%) and your solutions to the 10 in-class order of magnitude estimation problems (1% each) on Fridays. The final exam will summarize the material from the quizzes, and will be cumulative for the full semester. Updates on your performance in the course will be available on the course Moodle page during the semester so that you always know where you stand.

### **Public Health and COVID-19**

We begin Spring semester 2022 while a firestorm of the highly-infectious omicron strain of coronavirus engulfs the country. The contagion is currently spreading rapidly in Montana. The best defense against severe illness remains the widely available vaccines – I highly recommend that you protect yourself via vaccination and the booster. Please direct questions regarding covid vaccination to Curry Health Center. Ventilation is the second line of defense, and windows will remain open each day in our classroom during this semester. Please dress accordingly, as the fresh winter air can be rather bracing. Use of a mask covering the nose and mouth remains mandatory within the classroom at UM this semester, preferably KN95 or N95 if available. **If you feel sick and/or are exhibiting COVID symptoms, do NOT come to class.** Contact the Curry Health Center at 406-243-4330. If you are required to isolate or quarantine, you will receive support in this class to ensure continued academic progress. All class discussions will be available via Zoom, and you need not justify your choice to participate remotely. Let's all be kind, and prioritize our health and well being in this trying time.

## Course Schedule

|                            |        |  | Readings             |
|----------------------------|--------|--|----------------------|
| M                          | Jan 17 | <i>Martin Luther King, Jr. Holiday</i>                   |                      |
| T                          | Jan 18 | <i>No class meeting – reserved for evening observing</i> |                      |
| W                          | Jan 19 | Introduction   | Chapter 1            |
| F                          | Jan 21 | Order of magnitude estimation in science                 |                      |
| M                          | Jan 24 | Energy and light   | Section 5.2          |
| T                          | Jan 25 | <b>Lab:</b> Light  |                      |
| W                          | Jan 26 | Inverse squared law of light                             | Section 5.1          |
| F                          | Jan 28 | Light and Earth's atmosphere                             |                      |
| M                          | Jan 31 | Telescopes and observatories                             | Chapter 6            |
| T                          | Feb 1  | <b>Lab:</b> Observatories Around the World               |                      |
| W                          | Feb 2  | Kepler's laws of planetary motion                        | Section 3.1          |
| F                          | Feb 4  | Gravity and orbital motion                               | Sections 3.2 – 3.3   |
| M                          | Feb 7  | Solar system: terrestrial planets                        | Sect 7.1, Ch 9, 10   |
| T                          | Feb 8  | <b>Lab:</b> Gravity and Orbital Motion                   |                      |
| W                          | Feb 9  | Solar system: rocky bodies                               | Chapter 13           |
| F                          | Feb 11 | Solar system: gas giants                                 | Chapter 11           |
| M                          | Feb 14 | Planetary composition                                    | Section 7.2          |
| T                          | Feb 15 | <b>Lab:</b> Bulk Density and Planet Composition          |                      |
| W                          | Feb 16 | Exoplanets: Transit detection                            | Section 21.4         |
| F                          | Feb 18 | Exoplanets: Doppler detection                            | Section 21.5         |
| M                          | Feb 21 | <i>Presidents Day Holiday</i>                            |                      |
| T                          | Feb 22 | <b>Lab:</b> RV and Exoplanets: The Doppler Technique     |                      |
| W                          | Feb 23 | Astrobiology: Habitable Zone                             | Sections 30.1 – 30.2 |
| F                          | Feb 25 | Astrobiology: the Drake Equation                         | Sections 30.3 – 30.4 |
| M                          | Feb 28 | Spectroscopy   | Sections 5.3 – 5.5   |
| T                          | Mar 1  | <b>Lab:</b> Spectroscopy                                 |                      |
| W                          | Mar 2  | Energy & matter  | Section 5.2 (review) |
| F                          | Mar 4  | Sun as a star  | Section 15.1         |
| M                          | Mar 7  | Nuclear energy in the Sun                                | Section 16.1         |
| T                          | Mar 8  | <b>Lab:</b> Nuclear Fusion and Energy in Stars           |                      |
| W                          | Mar 9  | Solar interior and structure                             | Section 16.2         |
| F                          | Mar 11 | Properties of stars                                      | Sections 17.1 – 17.2 |
| M                          | Mar 14 | Hertzsprung-Russell diagram                              | Ch 18, Sect 19.4     |
| T                          | Mar 15 | <b>Lab:</b> Stars and the H-R Diagram                    |                      |
| W                          | Mar 16 | Binary stars and stellar masses                          | Section 18.2         |
| F                          | Mar 18 | Variable stars and cosmic distances                      | Section 19.3         |
| <b><i>Spring Break</i></b> |        |  |                      |

|   |        |  |                      |
|---|--------|--|----------------------|
| M | Mar 28 | Interstellar medium  | Chapter 20           |
| T | Mar 29 | <b>Lab:</b> Planetarium – night sky motions                  |                      |
| W | Mar 30 | Star formation   | Sections 21.1 – 21.3 |
| F | Apr 1  | Main sequence lifetime, M-L relation                         | Sections 22.1 – 22.3 |
| M | Apr 4  | Post main-sequence evolution and red giants                  | Section 22.4 – 22.5  |
| T | Apr 5  | <b>Lab:</b> Planetarium – constellations & planetary motions |                      |
| W | Apr 6  | Stellar endpoints: white dwarfs & supernovae                 | Chapter 23           |
| F | Apr 8  | Exotic remnants: neutron stars & black holes                 | Chapter 24           |
| M | Apr 11 | Contents of the Milky Way                                    | Chapter 25           |
| T | Apr 12 | <b>Lab:</b> Star Clusters and the Ages of Stars              |                      |
| W | Apr 13 | Morphology of galaxies                                       | Sect 26.1 – 26.4     |
| F | Apr 15 | Hubble law   | Section 26.5         |
| M | Apr 18 | Active galactic nuclei and quasars                           | Chapter 27           |
| T | Apr 19 | <b>Lab:</b> Hubble law and the Expansion of the Universe     |                      |
| W | Apr 20 | Galaxy evolution   | Sections 28.1, 28.5  |
| F | Apr 22 | Dark matter  | Section 28.4         |
| M | Apr 25 | Our expanding Universe                                       | Section 29.1         |
| T | Apr 26 | <b>Lab:</b> Expansion and the Age of the Universe            |                      |
| W | Apr 27 | Cosmic microwave background                                  | Section 29.4         |
| F | Apr 29 | Big Bang nucleosynthesis                                     | Section 29.5         |
| M | May 2  | Expansion history of the Universe                            | Section 29.2         |
| T | May 3  | <b>Lab:</b> Accelerating Expansion of the Universe           |                      |
| W | May 4  | Distant supernovae and dark energy                           | Section 29.5         |
| F | May 5  | Course review, fun with estimations                          |                      |
| W | May 11 | Final Exam, 3:20 – 5:20 pm                                   |                      |

### Additional Reading Material

The free textbook we will use in this course is encyclopedic, and touches on most topics in astronomy. If you would like to extend your reading at the popular science level, here are some that I recommend.

NightWatch: A Practical Guide to Viewing the Universe, by Dickinson (stargazing in your backyard)

Bright Star Atlas, by Tirion (easy to use maps of the night sky)

The Stars: A New Way to See Them, by Rey (a constellation guide, more aimed at kids but a total classic)

A Student's Guide to the Mathematics of Astronomy, by Fleisch & Kregenow (a tutor in your pocket)

The Backyard Astronomer's Guide, by Dickinson (a guide to buying and using a small telescope)

The Martian, by Weir (fictional, but the science is great – a look at human exploration of Mars)

How I Killed Pluto and Why It Had It Coming, by Brown (a great look at how astronomers work)

How do You Find an Exoplanet?, by Johnson (an insider's guide to the techniques of planet hunting)

Cosmos, by Sagan (a classic book – and TV series – that launched the careers of many astronomers)

Welcome to the Universe, by Tyson, Strauss & Gott (a guided tour of the cosmos as of 2016)

Black Holes & Time Warps, by Thorne (a terrific book about exotic objects, worm holes, time travel)

Cosmic Catastrophes, by Wheeler (modern astronomy relating to gamma ray bursts, supernovae, etc.)

A Brief History of Time, by Hawking (cosmology and the history of the Universe, a classic book)

The Elegant Universe, by Greene (great summary of contemporary astrophysics, plus string theory)