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The meeting was called to order at 7:15 p.m. in the Montana Rooms by Clay Collier, Vice President.

Corrections to the minutes: Bruce Nelson said the chairman of the committee to study allocation on sports was Bob Sorenson with members of the committee being: Tim Ragen, Matt Tennis, Bryan Flaherty, Bruce Nelson, and George Kolokotronis. Steve Owens declined appointment so Kolokotronis could be on the committee. The minutes were approved as corrected.

REPORT OF OFFICERS AND STANDING COMMITTEES

Collier explained that Bob Sorenson was attending a Board of Regents meeting so couldn't present his report on summer activities, but will do so next week when he returns.

Planning Board: Leroy Berven said that the board met last Monday night to discuss plans for the coming year. He said the only thing they are doing now is watching for projects that don't fit in with any special committee, since they are still waiting for Garlington, Lohn and Robinson for information on incorporating.

OLD BUSINESS

Rugby Club budget: The motion on the floor was the substitute motion made by Nelson to allocate the Rugby Club \$680 with the stipulation that the recreation committee handle the money. QUESTION CALLED. DIVISION OF HOUSE WAS CALLED FOR. NINE YES: ANDERSON, GALT, GOHRICK, KIGAME, KOLOKOTRONIS, NELSON, OWENS, SORENSON, SWENSON. FIVE NO: BERVEN, FLAHERTY, JOHNSON, MADISON, TENNIS. MOTION CARRIED WITH MAJORITY IN FAVOR.

Selective Service Information Center budget: The motion on the floor was Johnson's amended motion that SSIC be allocated \$2105 plus \$933 reserved for spring quarter, seconded by Anderson. QUESTION CALLED. MOTION TO ALLOCATE \$2105 PLUS \$933 RESERVED FOR SPRING QUARTER CARRIED WITH MAJORITY IN FAVOR.

Montana Power Company Resolution: Motion on the floor was motion by Tennis opposing the recent rate increase by Montana Power. NELSON MOVED A SUBSTITUTE MOTION BE ADOPTED BY CB AS FOLLOWS: "WHEREAS, the Montana Railroad and Public Service Commission recently granted Montana Power Company its requested rate increase, and WHEREAS, investors in Montana Power have been receiving a rate of return on investment among the highest of all utility companies in the nation, and, WHEREAS, Montana Power has been an integral part of the corporate interests which have exercised undue influence in politics and the economy of our state and, WHEREAS, said rate increases are detrimental to the University which is already in a budget crisis, and, WHEREAS, said rate increases are opposed to the best interests of the people of Montana, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED that Central Board of ASUM record its sternest opposition to this rate increase and encourage appropriate legal procedures to rescind said rate hike, and that this resolution be released as a press release by the UM publicity department." BERVEN SUGGESTED A FRIENDLY AMENDMENT TO CHANGE WORDING TO "A SUBSTANTIAL RATE INCREASE" INSTEAD OF "ITS REQUESTED RATE INCREASE" BECAUSE IT IMPLIED THAT THEY GOT THE ENTIRE RATE HIKE. FRIENDLY AMENDMENT ACCEPTED. Dr. Schuster suggested that it might be a good idea to send this resolution to the chairman of Faculty Senate before general publicity was released so they could express their agreement. If Faculty Senate is willing to endorse this resolution, then it stands as it reads. FLAHERTY MOVED THAT HE AND BRUCE NELSON TAKE THIS RESOLUTION TO FACULTY SENATE AND ASK FOR THEIR APPROVAL. BERVEN SECONDED. MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

NEW BUSINESS

Blake Johnson presented an expenditure sheet; he said the figures were based on the number of students enrolled at the University. He also said that last week's major expenditures were put under budget items, but they could be put under special allocations if someone disagreed.

Pregnancy Referral Service budget request: Request from this group was for \$36 to pay the shipping cost of 1,000 birth control handbooks. BERVEN MOVED THAT ASUM ALLOCATE \$36 TO PREGNANCY REFERRAL FROM THE SPECIAL ALLOCATIONS BUDGET TO PAY FOR SHIPPING COSTS. ANDERSON SECONDED. JOHNSON MOVED TO TABLE THE PREGNANCY REFERRAL SERVICE BUDGET REQUEST FOR ONE WEEK. KOLOKOTRONES SECONDED. MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

University Cheerleaders: Budget request for \$200 which covers 1) travel expenses: 4 for football, and possibly 8 for basketball; 2) to help repair old uniforms, and supply something for the guys, buy new pom-poms; 3) cover supplies for posters and homecoming supplies, 4) rent speakers and other equipment for games. BERVEN MOVED THAT THE WHOLE SUBJECT BE TABLED INDEFINITELY. KOLOKOTRONES SECONDED. Collier felt that this group should be contacted and asked a representative be sent to justify their request. MOTION TO TABLE THE CHEERLEADERS BUDGET REQUEST INDEFINITELY WAS DEFEATED BY A STANDING VOTE OF 7 TO 5. OWENS MOVED TO TABLE THIS REQUEST UNTIL A REPRESENTATIVE COULD JUSTIFY THEIR BUDGET. MOTION CARRIED WITH MAJORITY IN FAVOR. Berven noted no essential difference between his and Owen's motions.

Bahai Club request: Marcia Monadjemi, representative for this group, was present to request \$75 for advertising. She explained that the group would like to establish activities for this year such as a folk dance on United Nations Day; they have plans for Human Rights Day, and other events aimed at basically understanding people. She said it would be helpful to have assistance in setting up advertising on campus, but she emphasized that these funds would strictly be for days of this nature and not for days of a teaching nature. Berven said it was a bad precedent to set to give money to any religious group whether it was religious or not. BERVEN MOVED TO ALLOCATE \$0 TO THE BAHAI CLUB. JOHNSON SECONDED. JOHNSON MOVED TO TABLE THIS REQUEST FOR ONE WEEK. BERVEN SECONDED. MOTION CARRIED WITH MAJORITY IN FAVOR.

Jack Swarthout Resolution: Nelson, Berven, Tennis, Anderson, and Flaherty submitted a resolution as follows: "WHEREAS, the University of Montana varsity baseball program was not included in the Athletic Department budget request for 1972-1973, and WHEREAS, Central Board has not at any time since the current Central Board took office received a budget request for any varsity baseball program, and WHEREAS, Athletic Director Swarthout publicly told Central Board at its May 24, 1972 meeting that the varsity baseball program was to be dropped INDEPENDENT of any action Central Board might take concerning Athletic Department allocations, and WHEREAS, Athletic Director Swarthout has on two occasions during this fall gone on record in the Montana Kaimin, placing responsibility for the dropping of the varsity baseball program on Central Board's cut of student contributions to the varsity athletic budget, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED that the Central Board of the Associated Students of the University of Montana does place itself on record as demanding a public retraction of Athletic Director Jack Swarthout's false assertions, and that if such action is not taken by Jack Swarthout within the next week, that Mr. Swarthout is respectfully requested to present himself to the next meeting of Central Board and to explain his actions and statements on this matter to Central Board, and to the press." Nelson explained that this resolution was presented mainly to cut out the bickering in newspapers between the Athletic Department and what really happened. QUESTION CALLED. NELSON MOVED THAT THIS RESOLUTION BE ADOPTED, BERVEN SECONDED. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

Central Board, October 11, page 3.

Owens asked if anyone would be interested in keeping the Library Book Fund Drive alive since it is something that shouldn't be forgotten. He said if anyone had any names, to turn them into Sorenson.

Owens also announced that next week was elections so people will be needed to help count ballots on Wednesday night, beginning about 5:00 p.m.

Indian Club request: Jack Plumage, Kyi-Yo Indian Club President, presented CB with copies of their budget request for \$1625 which would help fund 30 students traveling with the Indian Caravan, "Trail of Broken Treaties," to participate in Congressional negotiations during the November election week. Plumage explained that the University has already approved 15 credit hours to be given for students going. He said they have conducted a fund-raising campaign and raised \$800, so this should prove that they do have some support. He also said that total cost for the trip is \$5425, but \$3000 will be financed by the individual students and the donation of \$800 subtracted from this makes their request \$1625. Dr. Schuster said that this was just the kind of educational experience that a progressive curriculum would want to support--the educational experience of trying to do something. Anderson asked if this was limited only to Indian students, and Marty Baker, their advisor, replied that if there was adequate funding, people other than Indians would be allowed to go. KOLOKOTRONES MOVED TO APPROPRIATE \$1625 TO THE KYI-YO INDIAN CLUB. GOHRICK SECONDED. NELSON MOVED TO TABLE THIS REQUEST FOR ONE WEEK. BERVEN SECONDED. DIVISION OF HOUSE WAS CALLED FOR. 8 YES: ANDERSON, BERVEN, GALT, JOHNSON, KIGAME, KOLOKOTRONES, NELSON, OWENS. 7 NO: FLAHERTY, GOHRICK, MADISON, RAGEN, SORESENSEN SWENSON, TENNIS. MOTION WAS DEFEATED. Gohrick felt that it was unfair to let these students go to Washington DC without them knowing whether we would fund them or not. Dr. Wicks said they could have made their request earlier.

Adjournment: BERVEN MOVED TO ADJOURN. KOLOKOTRONES SECONDED. MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY. Meeting adjourned at 8:00 p.m.

ATTENDANCE: PRESENT: ANDERSON, BERVEN, COLLIER, FLAHERTY, GALT, GOHRICK, JOHNSON, KIGAME, KOLOKOTRONES, MADISON, NELSON, OWENS, RAGEN, SORESENSEN, SWENSON, TENNIS.

ABSENT: GILBERT, GRAY.

Respectfully submitted,

Bessie Wong
ASUM Secretary

Robert Pantzer, Administrative President, U. of M.

Bob Sorenson, ASUM President

Committee to study the student funding of athletics

October 10, 1972

We talked before school about an athletic committee of students and administrators to study the student funding of athletics. Central Board established the committee and the members of the committee are:

Bob Sorenson, chairman
Bruce Nelson
Bryan Flaherty
Tim Ragen
Matt Tennis
George Kolokotronis

I will be in touch with you in regard to this matter.

BS/rb

This resolution was unanimously passed by Central Board and is submitted to Faculty Senate for their consideration:

WHEREAS, the Montana Railroad and Public Service Commission recently granted Montana Power Company its requested rate increase, and

WHEREAS, investors in Montana Power have been receiving a rate of return on investment among the highest of all utility companies in the nation, and,

WHEREAS, Montana Power has been an integral part of the corporate interests which have exercised undue influence in politics and the economy of our state, and,

WHEREAS, said rate increases are detrimental to the University which is already in a budget crisis, and,

WHEREAS, said rate increases are opposed to the best interests of the people of Montana,

BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED that Central Board of ASUM record its sternest opposition to this rate increase and encourage appropriate legal procedures to rescind said rate hike, and,

THAT THIS RESOLUTION be released as a press release by the UM publicity department.

Submitted by: Bruce Nelson
Bryan Flaherty

CENTRAL BOARD
October 11, 1972

RESOLUTION

Whereas, the University of Montana varsity baseball program was not included in the Athletic Department budget request for 1972-1973, and

Whereas, Central Board has not at any time since the current Central Board took office received a budget request for any varsity baseball program, and

Whereas, Athletic Director Swarthout publicly told Central Board at its May 24, 1972 meeting that the varsity baseball program was to be dropped INDEPENDENT of any action Central Board might take concerning Athletic Department allocations, and

Whereas, Athletic Director Swarthout has on two occasions during this fall gone on record in the Montana Kaimin, placing responsibility for the dropping of the varsity baseball program on Central Board's cut of student contributions to the varsity athletic budget,

BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED:

That the Central Board of the Associated Students of the University of Montana does place itself on record as demanding a public retraction of Athletic Director Jack Swarthout's false assertions, and

That if such action is not taken by Jack Swarthout within the next week, that Mr. Swarthout is respectfully requested to present himself to the next meeting of Central Board and to explain his actions and statements on this matter to Central Board, and to the press.

Introduced by: Bruce Nelson
Leroy Berven
Matt Tennis
Christine Anderson

Bryan J. Flaherty

Central Board, October 11, 1972

Budget Requests

Pregnancy Referral Service: \$36.00

For the purpose of paying the shipping cost of 1,000 birth control handbooks. Total cost of shipping was \$40. Donations totaling \$4.00 were collected last week in the U.C., leaving \$36.00 left to pay for the books.

Susan Kauffman

Bahai Club: \$75.00

Funds for advertising events.

Marcia Monadjemi
Chairman
243-2872

University Cheerleaders: \$200.00

- 1) travel expenses: 4 for football, and possibly 8 for basketball. We have four guys who want the job.
 - 2) To help repair old uniforms, and supply something for the guys. Buy new pom-poms.
 - 3) To cover supplies for posters, homecoming supplies (for crown, noise makers)
 - 4) To rent speakers for games and any other equipment.
- We have spent a great deal of our own money so far and have tried raising money (which is hard) and we feel we are just as entitled to some help from the school as any other organization here.

Chris Higham
Head Cheerleader

EXPENDITURES:

Montpirg	\$1,140.00
Consumer Relations	1,040.00
Student Housing	1,160.00
Soccer Club	578.20

Total	\$3,918.20
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ESTIMATED BALANCE FOR BUDGET EXPENDITURES	\$25,786.80
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EXPENDITURES:

Registration Dance	\$ 750.00
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BALANCE SPECIAL ALLOCATIONS	\$2,589.00
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Estimated Budget for "Trail of Broken Treaties"

Cassette Tapes, Movie Film, Camera Film (Cost of Processing Included)	----- ---	\$ 200.00
Camera Rental	-----	\$5.00
Telephone	-----	150.00
Contingency Fund	-----	200.00
Transportation Minimum for gas & oil (Based on straight .08 cents a mile regardless of what type of vehicle we finally obtain)	----- ----- ----- -----	2400.00
Food (Based on \$20 per week for 4 weeks for 30 students)	----- -----	2400.00
TOTAL	-----	\$ 5425.00
Financial Input by students (Based on \$100 apiece for 30 students)	----- -----	3000.00
Fund raising campaign	-----	800.00
Total Student Input	-----	\$ 3800.00
Total Special Allocation requested from ASUM	----- ---	<u>\$ 1625.00</u>

Individual Learning Contract

University of Montana

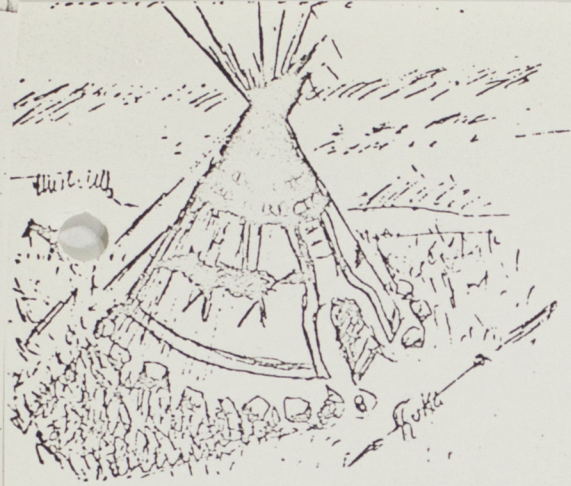
TITLE: American Indian Movement Documentary.

PURPOSES: To accompany other Indians from all tribes on the Northwest section of the caravan which is named, "Trails of Broken Treaties." To meet with officials from the Department of the Interior, to ask for federal protection from the Department of Justice, and to exact statements from members of Congress and the Senate, with regard to their obligation in honoring the Treaties made with Indians.

ACTIVITIES: Photograph, record, and write of experiences enroute to Washington, D.C. To document the local problems of Indians at the various reservations, agencies and other Indian communities. To keep a daily journal and write a bi-weekly report to the faculty sponsor. To prepare a summary of experiences including a personal evaluation of the Caravan.

SUPPORT PROVIDED BY SPONSOR: Organizational suggestions, evaluating bi-weekly reports, suggested readings, consultation, and an evaluation of oral reports upon return.

METHOD OF EVALUATION: Review of daily journal, bi-weekly reports and the end of the quarter report.



INDIAN STUDIES PROGRAM

UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA

Missoula, Montana 59801

730 EDDY AVENUE

PHONE 243-5831

Dear Sir;

We, the Kyi-Yo Indian Club, University of Montana, Missoula, Montana, strongly urge the immediate passage of the Emergency Higher Education Act currently before Congress. We as students are directly affected by this act and need it to continue our education. We hope you will support your state's young people and fulfill your obligations to us by supporting this action. The passage of this bill is imperative if we are to continue our higher education. There have already been countless potential students turned away from our university system because they have no funds. We would also like to know why \$100,000 was transferred out of the Billings Area Office to be used elsewhere. This money is needed for the Indian People in this area and should be immediately reimbursed to it.

The club also wishes to endorse the "Trail of Broken Treaties" caravan which is currently moving across the United States, Canada, Mexico, and South America gathering the true feelings of Native Americans. The caravan is growing larger at each stop and it will undoubtedly be the largest gathering of Native Americans ever to come together in one place by the time it reaches Washington, D.C., on November 1.

The caravan's objectives are for much-needed Indian legislation in all areas of concern - e.g. education; health, judicial, housing, welfare, etc. This caravan is a well-coordinated effort. They are working within the system, there will be no flag-burning; no obscene shouting or carrying-on; and no violence. This has been and will continue to be a NON-VIOLENT coming together of Indian people.

We urge you to support these people. It is truly an historic occasion for the Indian people. Some of our members have already joined the "Trail" and are on their way to the Capitol Building's steps in Washington, D.C. These are the Kyi-Yo Club's immediate areas of concern for the time being. Any action from your office will be greatly appreciated and is urgently needed. Thank you for your time and may the Great Spirit enlighten us all so we can all live together in Peace someday soon.

Sincerely Yours,

Charles D. "Jack" Plumage
Charles D. "Jack" Plumage
Kyi-Yo Indian Club President



Trail of Broken Treaties →



"Each year our White intruders become more exacting, oppressive, demanding and overbearing. Wants and oppressions are our lot. Are we not being stripped day by day of the little that remains of our ancient liberty unless each tribe unanimously combines to give a check to the avarice and oppressions of the whites. We will become conquered and disunited and we will be driven from our Native Lands and scattered like Autumn leaves before the wind."

Tecumseh of the Shawnee 1812

"OPERATION WORLDWIDE INDIAN AWARENESS "

To the National Indian Lutheran Board. Denver, Colorado. Saturday,

September 30, 1972.

INTRODUCTION

On November 7, 1972, Americans all over the country will go to the polls to elect a president, congressmen and senators. For the American Indian, this national election is again without an Indian voice. Because of this, the American Indian will, instead, go to Washington, D. C. as an expression of mistrust... as an expression of unfaithfulness that this government has displayed against Indian citizens. The Indian, today, is a classic example, living in abject poverty and slum conditions, that the United States has chosen to ignore its primary contributors. It's unbelievable that anyone would question any Indian tribe or movement that acts to protect Indian rights and lives. However, there continues to exist in the United States, certain senators, congressmen and lawyers who believe that the constitution is a protector of all people. This theory has produced a situation bordered on criminal negligence whereby Indians

have lost their homes, tradition and lives. Because of this situation, Indian advocacy remains an unpopular subject and Indian tribes remain outside international negotiations.

Throughout white modern history, Indians have suffered at the hands of politicians and a policy aimed at dispossessing the Indian from his natural heritage. During the 1700's, many European invaders fought for and received a separation from their parent countries of Britain, Spain, etc., through a document called Declaration of Freedom. In this document, they cited taxation without representation, denial of religious freedom, denial to bear arms.

In the declaration document, there exists language which describes original inhabitants of this continent as "savages"! The intent of that language was to provide Americans with the longest racial war in world history! The American Indian concludes that the longest

undeclared war of modern history is not the Viet Nam war but the one that is found here in America...in schools and churches...federal agencies...all against the American Indians.

On July 30, 1969, at a meeting in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, seven challenges were presented to the Lutheran Church of America demanding major overhauling of the church's policies and programs which affected Indian constituents. The challenges further demanded that the three major Lutheran synods commit themselves to support a new Indian direction of self-determination.

The challenge to the churches was presented by members of the American Indian Movement in hopes of bringing nationwide attention to the common mistreatment of Indian people and that efforts through the Lutheran churches would bring about meaningful changes in the Indian community. Historically and traditionally, the churches have

maintained a dominant, paternalistic attitude of, for and against the American Indian. We contend that this type of behavior would cease to be a part of Lutheran attitude.

Since the 1969 meeting between LUCHP, atrocities against the Indian citizen has appeared to have increased. These atrocities continue daily in every school...public, private or government and in every prison institution, in every state, and in most of the governmental agencies in the United States.

It has become increasingly clear that the Indian citizen may have to come to the brink of violence in an effort to correct the injustices against him. It is further clear that the demonstrations that have taken place in America involving Indian Citizens and have met with strong resistance from a judicial system filled with conflict of interest and of responsibility.

A final effort to bring world-wide attention to the common

abuse of Indians in the United States is hereby set forth and established. Our final plea will be made on November 7, 1972, to the Congress and to the House of Representatives in a desperate attempt to correct the judicial system of America which denies Indians a right to live.

Through its efforts, the National Indian Lutheran Board has previously demonstrated its interest to encourage Indian self-determination. We commend the National Indian Lutheran Board for these efforts; however, the NILB now has an added opportunity to demonstrate its continued concern by taking the lead in a program aimed at maximum Indian involvement to demand that Washington, D.C. listen and act! This opportunity will allow an

estimated 150,000 Indians to enter into Congressional negotiations with elected officials during the November election.

Through the National Indian Lutheran Board this past year, three major Indian organizations arrived at agreement that a coalition should exist between the American Indian Movement, National Indian Youth Council and the National Congress of American Indians. This coalition came about as a direct result of efforts by members of the National Indian Lutheran Board... an effort aimed to unite Indian objectives on a common front.

On November 7, 1972, in Washington, D. C., this coalition will stand united! Although the American Indian Movement is the principal organizer in the effort, other Indian groups and centers will be participating in this united effort!

Because Washington, D.C. has refused to recognize Indians as the principal contributors, we of the American Indian Movement propose the following.

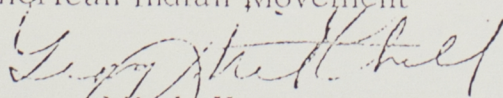
Following the National American Indian Movement Convention, which will be held in St. Paul, Minnesota, on October 23, 24, 25, and 26, 1972. Convoys of commercial vehicles will depart from Seattle, San Francisco, Berkeley, San Jose, Gordon, Nebraska, Los Angeles, Phoenix, Flagstaff, Denver, Colorado Springs, Fort Yates, North Dakota, Fort Totten, North Dakota, Cass Lake, Minnesota, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas, Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Chicago, Cleveland, North Carolina, Pine Ridge, South Dakota, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Rapid City, South Dakota, Pawnee, Oklahoma, Taos, New Mexico, Omaha, Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska, Alliance, Nebraska, Porcupine, South Dakota, Rosebud, South Dakota, Alaska,

Billings, Montana, New York, Boston, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Canada, Dallas, Albuquerque, and many others, destined for what we project to be the largest single mass gathering of Indian people to assemble in Washington, D.C. It is estimated that approximately 2,000 cars, 100 buses, etc., will be utilized for this effort.

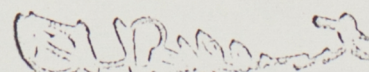
To offset expenses, we request the National Indian Lutheran Board to demand the Lutheran congregation to make available food and lodging and to share equally in this project. Therefore, we request that the National Indian Lutheran Board financially support this conference in the amount of \$100,000. We conclude that with its 8.5 million membership, it is not an impossible task.



Dennis Banks
National Field Coordinator
American Indian Movement



George Mitchell
Co-National Director
Washington, D.C.
American Indian Movement



Vernon Bellecourt
Co-National Director
Denver, Colorado
American Indian Movement

PRESS RELEASE

For Immediate Release

AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT
Denver, Colorado

September 30, 1972

In an effort to strengthen the American Indian Movement for maximum outreach in the Indian community, Dennis Banks has vacated the Executive Directorship to assume overall field responsibility. Named to fill the National Directorship are Vernon Bellecourt, Executive Director of Denver A.I.M. and George Mitchell. The two Co-Directors will assume executive positions in the National Office in Washington, D.C., headed by George Mitchell and with the creation of a Central National Office located in Denver, Colorado under the direction of Vernon Bellecourt. A National Western Office has been temporarily established in Sherman Oaks, California to be directed by William Sargent.

These changes are a result of the resignation of Russell Means as National Coordinator and a decision by the National Directors striving for maximum coordination within the 35 chapters.

Assisting Banks in the field will be twelve field investigators. Appointments for these positions are undergoing further study with the National Board.

The new reorganization efforts will be tested in an effort early November as the National Executives move to assemble 100,000 Indians in Washington, D.C. during November national elections.

A.I.M.

The three officials earlier today demanded that the National Indian Lutheran Board commit itself to raise \$100,000 for the national march to Washington, D.C. This national assemblage is hoped to bring worldwide attention to the common mistreatment that is daily being committed against the American Indian.

"Operation Worldwide Indian Awareness" was received "favorably" by the National Indian Lutheran Board who voted to accept a responsibility to provide a concentrated effort to realize the \$100,000 goal of A.I.M.

This operation will bring to Washington, D.C., representatives of Indian organizations from as far away as Alaska and California. A.I.M. hopes to confront both the presidential candidates in the upcoming election and their parties and those officials who are responsible for the mass injustices against the American Indian citizen.

Dennis Banks
National Field Operations Coordinator
American Indian Movement

George Mitchell
National Co-Director
American Indian Movement
Washington, D.C.

Vernon Bellecourt
National Co-Director
American Indian Movement
Denver, Colorado

PREAMBLE

It is unbelievable that anyone would question any Indian Tribe that acts to enter an international agreement to protect and preserve Indian rights and lives. However, there continues to exist some lawyers in the United States who believe that the Constitution does not deny Indian People the constitutional protections it guarantees all people. This "locked-in" theory is anchored into a history filled with judicial errors whereby Indian Tribes and members have lost their homes, traditions and lives. Thus a condition of criminal nature has evolved whereby Indian advocacy remains an unpopular subject and Indian Tribes remain outside international negotiations, a near collapse of Indian Societies has occurred. A demand of reversal would thus be unquestionable. Therefore, we, the principal contributors of a Society assembled in Denver, Colorado, this second day of October, 1972, do hereby adopt the following objectives for the TRAIL OF BROKEN TREATIES:

1. We, the Native People of this hemisphere, demand that the Government of the United States honor and take positive action to fulfill its treaty obligations with the Natives of Canada, Mexico, the United States and its territories.
2. We, the Native People of this hemisphere, demand that the Government of the United States fulfill its moral and legal responsibilities to the several Indian tribes and take positive action to carry out its trust responsibility affecting Indian trust lands, water rights

mineral rights and all rights stemming from the rights of liberty, life and property of the individual Native People.

3. We, the Native People of this hemisphere, demand that the Government of the United States cause the enactment of Congressional legislation that will remove Indian Affairs from the natural resource Department of the Interior and establish a Federal Indian Commission responsible directly to the President. We urge that within the provisions of this new legislation full consideration be given to the proposals submitted by the Indian leadership and ~~each~~ such legislature contain a clause which fully encompasses the ideals maintained by the consent of the governed.
4. We, the Native People of this hemisphere, demand that the President of the United States pledge to the nation that no Indian band, group, rancheria, pueblo or tribe be terminated from federal services without a duly instituted referendum of each individual Native group so effective ^{and} without the consent of each and every separate Indian body politic.
5. It has been the perpetual act of the federal administrations to enact Congressional legislation providing for annual appropriations which discriminate against the Native American population. In recent years, Congress has been somewhat generous but has failed to fulfill the urgent needs of the Indian people. We demand that the President and Congress of the United States increase the amount of each and every category affecting the Native Americans. In this rich and most powerful nation, we Indian People have been forced

to exist in poverty while our Counterparts flourished in an ever-increasing affluent society and now we demand the financial assistance that will rapidly place our Native Americans ^{ON A LEVEL WITH} the rest of society.

6. For more than 160 years, the Native Americans of this hemisphere were denied of the opportunity for higher education in spite of the fact that Indian pleas for education abounded in each separate trip to see the great "White Father". It has only been since the early 1960's that Indian youth has had the opportunity to seek higher education without fear of retaliation from our brothers; therefore, we demand a special Indian Act to emphasize and expand upon each and every professional field that will place Native American Indians on a par with the rest of society within the next five years.
7. We seek, urge and demand that the candidates for the presidency from the Democratic and Republican parties meet with the membership of the Trail of Broken Treaties and expound upon their positions affecting the Native American People. We seek a pledge from each candidate which will consummate those previously stated objectives of the Trail of Broken Treaties, whose theme is "The Pan-American Native Quest for Justice."

TRAIL OF BROKEN TREATIES CARAVAN
Pan--American Native Quest for Justice

NATIONAL SCHEDULE: OCT. 6-NOV. 7

An assembly of North American and Canadian Native people meeting in Denver, Colo., on Oct. 1-2 has announced plans to converge on Washington, D.C., from Nov. 1 to Nov. 7, Election Week, to describe the conditions under which Native peoples live in this hemisphere and to demand positive action for change.

This plan, to be called "The Trail of Broken Treaties: The Pan-American Native Quest for Justice," has set schedules for three automobile caravans to depart from Seattle, Wash., San Francisco, Calif., and Los Angeles, Calif., on Friday, Oct. 6.

Following different routes, each of the three caravans will stop at locales which have been significant in the Indian past, such as Sand Creek, Colo., Wounded Knee, S.D., and the infamous Trail of Tears in the Southeast.

Two additional caravans are also planned to descend from Canada, one departing from Winnipeg, Manitoba, and another from Ottawa, Ontario.

Several thousand Native people are expected to converge in the nation's capitol during the countdown on national elections to lay the Native situation before the Republican and Democratic parties and to exact firm pledges that U.S. Indian treaties will be enforced to the letter.

Audiences with President Richard M. Nixon and Democratic presidential candidate Sen. George McGovern of South Dakota will be requested on Election Eve, Nov. 6.

Eight Indian organizations have been active in preparing plans for the caravans and the activities in Washington, D.C. These are:

National Indian Brotherhood, Ottawa, Ontario; Native American Rights Fund, Boulder, Colo.; American Indian Movement, Denver, Colo.; National American Indian Council, San Francisco, Calif.; National Indian Youth Council, Albuquerque, N.M.; National Council on Indian Work, New York, N.Y.; National Indian Leadership Training, Albuquerque, N.M.; American Indian Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, Denver, Colo.

Four other national groups--Native American Women's Action Council, San Francisco, Calif.; United Native Americans, Berkeley, Calif.; National Indian Lutheran Board, Chicago, Ill.; and the Coalition of Indian-Controlled School Boards, Denver, Colo.--have endorsed the concepts, purposes and plans for the Trail of Broken Treaties caravans.

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INFORMATION SHEET

1. Because of continued killing of Indians by law enforcement officers and others throughout the United States, with the most recent - and the straw that broke the camel's back - the killing of Richard Oakes in Santa Rosa, California, a prominent nationally involved Indian, many Indian action groups are forming a caravan called "The Trail of Broken Treaties" from all parts of the U.S. and Canada and moving by automobiles and busses to Washington, D.C. to present their grievances and new legislation proposals to the national legislators, and hopefully, the President. This action came out of a meeting of Indian groups in Denver, October 1st and 2nd.
2. The Indians have asked for and received some support through A.I.M. (American Indian Movement, sponsored by O.E.O. and the National Council of Churches) for money, facilities, endorsements, organizers, etc. from ecumenical agencies and denominations.
3. Indians from Washington, Canada, Montana, South Dakota, Colorado, California, Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico, Nebraska, Texas and Oklahoma are asking churches in this area to supply them with check point clergy who have the skills to organize support for the caravan as it moves through their areas. This support needs to be in the form of food (sandwiches, fruit, etc.), gas money, emergency medical, and church visibility at their press conferences along the route.
4. The caravan will begin Friday, October 6th with cars leaving Seattle, Los Angeles, and San Francisco and other initiating West Coast cities. Other cars and busses will join the caravan as it passes through their areas. At this moment no projection can be made as to the number of people or vehicles to be serviced at each point. However, organizers will be in the caravan and will contact the check-point ahead as soon as a reading is possible.