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PSC 395.01: Third World and International Security

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Course Objective

With the end of the Cold War, it is increasingly clear that attribution of Third World crises and violence to ideological battles was wrong. Today the Third World is fast becoming the exclusive arena of conflict. Is the Western world right in taking it for granted that the world of the post-Cold-War period is a more secure place except the backwater of the Third World? Should the West simply regard these Third World conflicts as being only of a nuisance value? Pity the affected peoples and intervene there on humanitarian grounds? Or simply let them stew in their own juice? Or should we see the insecurity of the Third World as a source of insecurity for the West, demanding collective, global solution, and if so, what kinds of solutions will work, which ones will not? Answers to these questions demand first of all our understanding of the nature and sources (internal and external) of Third World conflict and how they impact on the international system and affect others. Secondly, they demand that we see the nature of threats to security as dramatically transformed, compelling commensurate dramatic revisions in security concepts and security planning. The objective of the course is to introduce students to these issues, to increase their understanding and to let them reflect on the idea that security is increasingly less a matter of arms than of cooperation to eradicate or attenuate global insecurity at its source -- global poverty in the midst of plenty.

Course Description and Format

The course begins with the discussion of the concept of security, western and non-western perceptions of threats to security, and the meaning and sources (systemic and internal) of the security dilemma in the Third World. From the third through the sixth weeks, we examine the impacts of Third World insecurity dilemma on inter-national and global security, paying particular attention to the role and impact of the strategies adopted to overcome insecurity, including irredentist and secessionist strategies, the non-aligned strategy and the dependent militarization strategy. In the seventh through the eleventh weeks we focus on a search for solutions to the emergent global insecurity. Here we examine the strengths and weaknesses of global, regional and sub-regional collective security, the UN conflict management role and possibilities, regulation of arms production and transfers, the idea of cooperative security, of promoting democracy and human rights, and of global governance. The last three weeks of the semester will be devoted to the presentation and discussion of term papers.
The course will be organized as a discussion seminar. After the initial preliminaries, students will take turns leading discussions on key issues, concepts and themes from the assigned readings for the relevant class sessions. The discussion leader launches the discussion by presenting a summary of the readings and posing the key issues. Discussion leaders are not expected to answer all questions in their presentations; their task is to identify important issues and areas of controversy for discussion. Meaningful discussion and rewarding class sessions can only occur if we all faithfully do the assigned readings when due; otherwise we would only be exchanging ignorance and have boring sessions. Everyone is therefore responsible for the material assigned for each session. The oral summary by the discussion leader is only a convenient way of launching the discussion, not a substitute for a careful reading of the materials.

In addition to leading class discussions in turns, each student will also write and present a term paper, a learning tool. The paper, on a topic of your own choosing, is expected to break new ground, i.e. go beyond the assigned class readings and discussions. It may cover topics left out or insufficiently covered in the course, e.g. international terrorism or the Timorese struggle against Indonesia. Or it may examine the interventionist policy of a great power in a specific country or sub-region, or the role of a particular group or NGO in bringing about such a policy. It may deal with the position of a country or sub-region on particular security issues or conflicts. The possibilities are unlimited.

Class presentation of the term papers will begin about a week after the Spring break. It will follow essentially the same format as the earlier presentations. The final draft incorporating relevant comments and suggestions from the class discussion will be due not later than the day and time scheduled for the final exam of this course.

Evaluation

There will be three components to the course evaluation. The first component comprising 30 percent will be based on your classroom performance, including the quality of class discussions you lead, and your general contributions to other class sessions. To assure this quality, short (no more than three pages at the most) reaction papers to the readings will be required and will constitute a part of the evaluation. Obviously, your regular attendance will also count, perhaps as much as ten percent.

The second component, also 30 percent, is a mid-term exam. The third component, the term paper, will be evaluated for its quality and the oral presentation (40 percent). There will be no final exam.

Texts

The basic texts are: Mohammed Ayoob, The Third World Security Predicament; Mahmood Monshipouri, Democratization, Liberalization and Human Rights in the Third World; Frederick Pearson, The Global Spread of Arms; and Selig S. Harrison & Masashi Nishihara, UN Peacekeeping: Japanese and American Perspectives.
Course Outline

PART I: Third World (In)security Dilemma

WEEK 1  Nature & Sources of Third World Insecurity
Jan. 29 Introduction
Jan. 31 Security in the New World Order: Contrasting Perspectives
Feb. 2 Expanding Concept of Security: Security Dilemma

WEEK 2  Why Third World Insecurity Dilemma?
Feb. 7 Sources of Third World insecurity: state-building and weak-state idea
Feb. 9 Systemic impact on state-building & insecurity
   Readings: Ayoob ch 1, pp 12-16; ch 2.; Robert Kaplan’s article

PART II: Impact of Third World Insecurity on International Security

WEEK 3  Impact of Strategies to Overcome Insecurity
Feb. 12 Discussion of Matthew, Connelly & Paul Kennedy’s "Must It Be the Rest Against the West?" Atlantic Monthly Dec. 1994 (R)
Feb. 14 Irredentist strategy
Feb. 16 Secessionist strategy
   Readings: Ayoob ch 3; & the Atlantic Monthly article.

WEEK 4  Irredentism continued
Feb. 19 Presidents’ Day
Feb. 21 Islamic nationalism in the former Soviet Union
Feb. 23 Discussion of Ted Robert Gurr’s, "Communal Conflicts & Global Security" (R).
WEEK 5  **Impact of The Non-Aligned Strategy**  
Feb. 26  Economic underpinning of security: food, debt, and asymmetrical interdependence  
Feb. 28  Non-alignment and Third World security: the economic agenda  
Mar. 1  Test  

WEEK 6  **Impact of Dependent Militarization Strategy**  
Mar. 4  Dependent militarization meaning, systemic determinants  
Readings: Ayoob, pp 93-102. Also, Pearson, *The Global Spread of Arms*, introduction & ch 1  
Mar. 6  Arms transfers and acquisition - a discussion of supply and distribution trends, and the extent and reasons for excess production  
Reading: Pearson, ch 2.  
Mar. 8  International security implications  
Readings: Pearson, ch 3; and Ayoob, ch 7, esp. pp 139-155.

Part 3 - In Search of Solutions to International Insecurity

WEEK 7  **Collective security in the new world order?**  
Mar. 11  Collective security, the resuscitation of an idea - institutional/operational issues in the Gulf War  
Reading: Ayoob, ch 6 and pp 157-158.  
Mar. 13  The UN and conflict management: peace-making, peace-keeping, and peace-building  
Readings: Harrison & Nishihara, ch 1.  
Mar. 15  The UN peace-keeping: Japanese and American perspectives  
Readings: Harrison & Nishihara, chs 2-4.

WEEK 8  **Regional organizations in conflict management**  
Mar. 18  The OAS and the OAU  
Readings: Thomas Perry Thornton, "Regional Organizations in Conflict Management" (R); and Ayoob, ch 3, pp 56-65 & ch 7, pp 155-158.  
Mar. 20  ASEAN, SAARC, & the GCC  
Mar. 22  Nigeria, ECOMOG and Liberia  
Reading: Julius Ihonvbere, "Nigeria as Africa’s Great Power: Constraints and Prospects for the 1990s" (R).
WEEK 9  Regulating arms production and arms transfers: reconstituting Third World states
Mar. 25 Controlling arms transfers: disarmament, non-proliferation, and the Great Powers
Readings: Ayoob, ch 7, pp 139-155; and Pearson, chs 4 & 5.
Mar. 27 Cooperative security: a preventive medicine?
Mar. 29 Reconstituting Third World states: the lure of redefining self-determination
Reading: Ayoob, ch 8, esp. pp 165-176.

WEEK 10  Promoting democracy and human rights
Apr. 1  How not to promote democracy and human rights: a critique of the western approach
Reading: Monshipouri, chs 2 & 3.
Apr. 3  Democratization in Algeria and Pakistan
Reading: Monshipouri, chs 4, 5 & 8.
Apr. 5  Democratization in El Salvador and Peru
Reading: Monshipouri, chs 6-8.

April 8 - 12 Spring Break

WEEK 11  Promoting global governance
Apr. 15 The concept of global governance
Apr. 17 Global governance and global security
Apr. 19 Global governance and global security, continued

WEEK 12  Special topics of concern to students
Apr. 22 Presentation of term papers
Apr. 24 Presentation of term papers
Apr. 26 Presentation of term papers

WEEK 13  Special topics continued
Apr. 29 Presentation of term papers
May 01 Presentation of term papers
May 03 Presentation of term papers

WEEK 14  Special topics continued
May 06 Presentation of term papers
May 08 Presentation of term papers
May 10 Presentation of term papers