1-29-1980

Montana Kaimin, January 29, 1980

Associated Students of the University of Montana

Let us know how access to this document benefits you.
Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.umt.edu/studentnewspaper

Recommended Citation
https://scholarworks.umt.edu/studentnewspaper/7001

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Montana Kaimin at ScholarWorks at University of Montana. It has been accepted for inclusion in Montana Kaimin by an authorized administrator of ScholarWorks at University of Montana. For more information, please contact scholarworks@mso.umt.edu.
Boycott hurts Food Service, Rec Center

By TARA GALLAGHER
Montana Kaimi Contributing Reporter

A student boycott of University Center cash services that began Jan. 18 has forced a decline in sales in the Food Service and Recreation Center, the service directors and managers said recently.

The UC Recreation Center, UC Food Service and the Associated Students' Store are being boycotted by a group of students who support the two-week-old strike against the university system and 142 of their members at the University of Montana.

Students were first encouraged to boycott the UC during "Labor Education Day," a noon forum two weeks ago in the UC mall. Actual sales figures on the first three days of last week were down about 4 percent, compared to sales figures on the same days last year.

"We're experiencing somewhat of a decline at the lunch hour" between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m., according to UC Food Service Director Steve Barclay.

Barclay said that based on anticipated sales, the UC Food Service should be taking in about $3,900 per day, Monday through Friday. Sales for Monday through Wednesday averaged about $3,800 per day, he said. Actual sales were up Wednesday because a group of intercollegiate drama students used the UC, Barclay said.

4 percent loss

The other "UC centers that has lost business is the Recreation Center," Manager Howard Johnson said Thursday that the center's sales from the beginning of the boycott to Tuesday of last week was down about 4 percent.

Johnson said use of the Recreational Center should peak this quarter because winter weather brings people inside.

But sales from Jan. 18 to last Tuesday were about 14 percent above sales for corresponding days of Winter Quarter last year. Fall Quarter sales were 23 percent higher sale than above sales for corresponding days of Winter Quarter last year.

14 percent loss

"We thought it was amazing that he didn't even try to hide it," Curry said.

Curry concurred with testimony in which marijuana was described as "impairing" and "ominous" during a Senate judiciary subcommittee hearing. According to the New York Times, senators are in the process of reviewing their previous decision that marijuana should be decriminalized because enforcement of current laws is too expensive.

Curry said he comes from a very biased viewpoint because marijuana users are seen as problems—not the vast majority who apparently do not have trouble.

"It is a phase in a person's life. A lot of people smoke it, and they do it as a way of relaxing and getting away from all the things that stress them out," Curry said.

Curry said he has faith that most marijuana smokers will become responsible citizens.

Psychological addiction can last long after the person stops using marijuana. Neil Kettlewell, UM psychology professor, said he thinks such impairment depends on when and how often marijuana is smoked. For example, "if a student goes to class stoned, his learning will be impaired by smoking marijuana," he said.

However, he said he did not know if smoking marijuana at some time other than just before class will harm learning abilities.

Curry said he thinks smoking marijuana is "a phase in a person's life" because many people he knows have tried it and then have stopped after college, when they began to take on more responsibility—a career and a family.

He said he has faith that most marijuana smokers will become responsible citizens. Curry also said the credibility of current research projects will decide whether marijuana is ever legalized or decriminalized.

Curry said he wouldn't be surprised to find out smoking marijuana can be a serious health hazard. He said he thinks such impairment depends on when and how often marijuana is smoked.
opinion

Fine arts building critical to UM's future

The University of Montana is now drawing up plans for a new fine arts building, which would house a performing theater and "support facilities," including lighting controls, dressing rooms, dance studios and, ultimately, television production facilities.

The next question is where to get the approximately $8 million needed to build it, and the answer is, of course, the Montana Legislature. Already anticipating this struggle is Kathryn Martin, dean of the School of Fine Arts, who has begun lobbying state legislators.

Martin says the present threat of her lobbying is educating legislators on the "cost structure" of the proposed facility, that about 70 percent of the building's projected square footage will be the performing theater, and that only a portion of the $8 million will not be enough to provide an adequate theater. Drama students cannot expect to be competitive if their experience is limited to small colleges and that's the way it is now.

The Legislator's obvious want "results" from universities: accountants, scientists, teachers, lawyers, doctors - who will take their places in Montana communities and serve the Montana populace.

How can a drama-theater production facility contribute toward these goals? Simple. Without it and like faculties, the diverse atmosphere necessary for a liberal arts education would cease to exist. Without it, the need for a university would cease to exist.

In its place would be independent professional schools — of business, education, journalism, theater, medicine, law — all churning out narrowly minded, unexposed graduates schooled in only one aspect of a profession. Surely this is not what Montana needs. The imminent future of this state is one full of tough decisions, on energy, on education, on business and industry.

Montana needs diversely educated college graduates who have been taught to confront change and to make wise and carefully considered decisions. Montana needs graduates schooled in a liberal arts university.

Unfortunately, the actions of Montana's state lawmakers reflect neither this need nor this attitude.

On the Board of Regents' recent decision to retain Montana State University's nursing facility in Butte despite MSU's choice to close it, board chairman Ted James said, "Many of you may think this is politics. Well, it might be politics, but what is higher education?"

James then referred to the biennial battle the university system must go through with the Legislature to obtain funding.

Ted James may be projecting criticism of the Board of Regents onto the Legislature with this statement, but he cannot ignore its essence: that the Montana Legislature is making Montana's colleges and universities, particularly UM, literally beg for funding.

And it is not as though the money does not exist: more than $27 million in leftover Montana's general fund tax at the end of fiscal year 1979.

To deny UM funds for its planned fine arts complex would be a refusal by the Legislature to help maintain a fine liberal arts university. It would be another in the continuing blow that hit UM by the Legislature, speeding the deterioration of this institution.

A denial, partial or whole, also implies our legislators' non-concern for the future and well-being of the people of this state, the very constituents they have been elected to represent and serve.

Legislators must put an end to petty, political grudges in the area of university funding, or they will be writing the epitaph for this university, the universi

system, the future education of Montanans and Montana itself.

The approval of funds for the new fine arts complex at UM will enhance all facets of education, not just drama, dance, music, and television production. It will show a genuine commitment to strengthening a fine liberal arts institution, and keeping it strong.

Mike Dennis

letters

Student input welcome

Editor: I would like to respond to Paulette MacIntryre's letter in the Jan. 22 issue of the Montana Kaimin. The School of Education is concerned with quality education, which it will maintain as a top priority in respect to its resources. We surely welcome student involvement and input in the School of Education and work to maximize it.

Paulette MacIntryre's letter brought up details on the question she raised regarding my class before she wrote her letter to the Kaimin. I do not believe that personnel matters and the names of individuals concerned should be thrust upon the community in this manner. Should Ms. MacIntryre and other students want to see me on this issue or any other, they and their input are welcome.

Albert You

dean, School of Education

We need a standing army

Editor: This letter is written in support of the current consideration being given to the renewal of the draft. It is not written to challenge anybody's mind but it is submitted as "food for thought" for those open to different opinions.

I base my letter on three themes. They are:

• A standing army is necessary in the world we live in today. Ideally, we would not need an army, but this is hardly an ideal world.

• The concept of a volunteer army as it is currently being supported and funded is unfair to minorities and the uneducated.

• A volunteer army is more likely to try to involve itself in action both domestic and international than is an army supported by a draft.

To explain: My thoughts on theme one are obvious and I won't take up space.

The concept of a volunteer army being unfair is that by not offering sufficiently attractive pay, retirement and fringe benefit programs for military service we have found ourselves relying more and more on minority and uneducated persons. Yet the many billions extra that would be needed for better programs have not been forthcoming.

This is shown by the ever-increasing percentage of minorities and those without high school diplomas in the military. To sit back and let these people defend us as the price for a chance to escape poverty and/or unemployment is unfair and a shirking of our own responsibilities.

Mike Weller

Lolo, Mont.

A first-class teacher

Editor: I also want to urge students to take Donna Boykin's classes before she is replaced. We would like her to stay for she shares the latest references and books, which create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumption rests on two thoughts. One, the forces would tend to destroy wanting to create problems. This assumes rest...
UM writing program given $85,000 grant

By TARA GALLAGHER
Montana Kaimin Contributing Reporter

An unusual experimental writing program designed by a University of Montana professor has been awarded an $85,000 grant by a New York foundation.

Richard E. Walton, assistant professor of philosophy, designed the three-year experiment, which will test the benefits of having students learn computer programming and logic to improve their writing skills. Walton won the grant proposal and will direct the program.

The grant was awarded by the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, considered one of "the most important" academic foundations, according to Allan Vannini, executive director of the UM Foundation, the organization which sought the grant.

Vannini said obtaining a grant from a private organization requires "a lot of personal contact" and is very difficult. This is the first grant UM has gotten from the Sloan Foundation. If successful, the experiment has the potential to attract other money to expand the idea and make the university a leader in this approach to writing, Vannini said.

Walton said a new approach to teaching composition is necessary. He said faculty dissatisfaction with student writing and results from a study by the University Committed on the Status of Writing are two examples of the need for a new approach.

According to the study, one-third of the students who graduate from UM leave without having taken any composition courses. Walton said.

Beginning Fall Quarter, 60 incoming freshmen will be selected at random to take the full-year program, enrolling in computer programming in the fall, logic in the winter and English 100 in the spring.

The only requirements for the 60 participants will be typing ability and ability above the remedial level in English composition.

Walton said he believes problems arise in a student's writing because the thought process is not clear before the student begins to write. A student who does not read and write well does not think clearly, he said.

Walton, who teaches logic courses at UM, said the problem-solving process of programming a computer and the process involved in preparing an English composition are similar.

The computer programming approach was "entirely my own notion," he said. "As an old Aristotelian and Descartes scholar, I saw things in the programming and the programming process.

Computer science Professor Roy Touzeau, the program's associate director, will teach students computer programming for the experiment.

Because a computer "will not tolerate ambiguity," Touzeau said, teaching a student how to program a computer will help the student realize the importance of organizing his thoughts.

To write a computer program, he explained, a programmer must reorganize the problem into a step-by-step solution before writing it. "The programmer must make clear "what's needed, when it's needed and in what order," Touzeau said.

"Basic" computer language, a "high level" computer language more similar to English coding than machine language, will be used, Walton said. After learning BASIC programming and taking a modern logic course, Walton said, "the student ought to come away having a pretty good conception of how to go about writing a logical program."

"The aim here is to enable the students to say what he does mean," Walton said.

"Walton said the program is a cooperative effort between campus departments. In preparation, the English, philosophy and computer science faculties are "gear ing up" by offering each other seminars in their respective fields—composition, logic and programming, he said.

The grant covers six months preparatory work, two years experimentation and six months evaluation.

The grant's first grant UM has gotten from the Sloan Foundation.
Remodeling of Lodge food service planned to keep hungry patrons warm

By L. D. GROSS
Montana Kaimin Contributing Reporter

You shudder inside your parka as your cup of coffee quickly ices over.

You notice your companion is having trouble wielding his eating utensils. He appears to be succumbing to hypothermia.

It's not much fun eating a meal within the frigid confines of the University of Montana Lodge Treasure State dining room. John Piquette, director of the Lodge food service, knows there is a problem and is trying to do something about it.

"I'm damned concerned about a student having to eat dinner with his coat on," Piquette said in an interview recently.

The dining room's chilly atmosphere is not caused by a heavy hand on the thermostat, but is the result of a peculiarity in the building ventilation system, he said.

The vents in the kitchen simply exhaust the hot humid air and do not replace it with fresh air, creating a partial vacuum, he explained.

It's the 10-degree weather outside pushing up the doors and through the dining room to the kitchen vents that's causing the problems, he said, adding that during last January's below-zero weather, the temperature inside the dining room got down to a brisk 49 degrees.

Piquette said engineers from the UM Physical Plant hope to ease the situation by adding a positive air system to the Lodge's ventilation system. A positive system pumps air in from the outside to replace air exhausted by the vents.

The system will also contain a heat exchanger, which would use heated air from the kitchen to warm incoming fresh air.

The University Center has such a system.

The new system could reduce the food service's steam heat consumption and natural gas costs by as much as 50 percent, Piquette said.

"It will save in other departments too," Piquette said, because other offices in the Lodge, such as the Center for Student Development, Student Affairs and the Registrar's Office, lost a great deal of heat in the winter and air-conditioning in the summer through the big kitchen fans.

The system will also contain a heat exchanger, which would use heated air from the kitchen to warm incoming fresh air. The University Center has such a system.

The new system could reduce the food service's steam heat consumption and natural gas costs by as much as 50 percent, Piquette said.

"It will save in other departments too," Piquette said, because other offices in the Lodge, such as the Center for Student Development, Student Affairs and the Registrar's Office, lost a great deal of heat in the winter and air-conditioning in the summer through the big kitchen fans.

Piquette and the engineers are submitting the project proposal to the federal government with the hope it will meet qualifications set forth in the National Energy Conservation Program. If it meets all the criteria, the government will pay half the estimated $140,000 bill for the system's installation, he said.

According to Piquette, the positive air system would still be hard for the food service to pay for since its only source of revenue comes from the sale of meal tickets to students.

Piquette also said he wants to install solid doors in the entrance to the Treasure State room and close off the lattice work in the front with a low, partial-wall and glass.

But a low budget and a priority list topped with keeping 20-year-old kitchen machines and appliances in running order means these plans will take place on a piecemeal basis, he said.

Piquette said he hopes to have the positive air system installed and running by the end of September.

European jobs open for summer

For students who want a summer job in Europe but do not want to work off the ramp of a transcontinental jet into a foreign job market unprepared, there is an alternative.

By sending job applications through a non-profit organisation in Liechtenstein (a tiny country in Western Europe), American students can obtain summer jobs in Western Europe. The jobs include work in forestry, child care, farming, hotels, construction and other more specific fields.

Students receive room, board and a wage. Working conditions such as hours, legal protection and work permits will be controlled by each country's labor ministries.

The organisation, American-European Student Service, has been acting as a go-between for prospective student employees and European employers for 20 years.

Interested persons should write to: American-European Student Service, Box 70, FL 9493 Mauren, Liechtenstein (Europe).
Sex-for-grades scandals spread through campuses

(CPP) — About 150 women picketed the University of California- Berkeley campus last week, demanding that the administration take decisive action on the issue of sex-for-grades. The students, however, were not well-received by the administration and were told that the issue was not a problem on the Berkeley campus.

The picketing was organized by the Women's Action Group of Berkeley, a group that has been active in the women's movement for several years. The group has been advocating for the recognition of sex-for-grades as a serious problem and for the implementation of effective policies to prevent it.

The picketing was met with a counter-protest organized by the University's administration and the police, who told the protesters that the issue was not a problem on the campus and that they would not be allowed to picket.

The picketing was the latest in a series of protests and demonstrations nationwide over the issue of sex-for-grades. The issue has been a controversial one for several years, with many students and professors expressing concern over the practice of offering sexual favors in exchange for academic benefits.

Currently, the Residence Halls office is accepting applications for student supervisor positions during the 1980-81 academic year. Applicants must be graduate students, preferably with residence halls experience, or undergraduate students who have had previous experience working in a residence hall. The application may be obtained at the Residence Halls office, Room 101, Turner Hall. Applicants must have a minimum 3.00 G.P.A., and an interest in residence halls or student personnel work. Interviews will be held during spring quarter and staff selections will be made prior to July 15, 1980. Questions relative to these positions should be directed to the Residence Halls office. Applications should be completed and returned to the Residence Halls office by March 7, 1980.

Equal Opportunity/ Affirmative Action Employer

HYPNOSIS

We are pleased to announce the arrival of BARBARA LAUR

Internationally Famous Hypnotist Improve Memory — Control Weight

Stop Smoking — Regression

25-5714

ASUM Programming Presents:

Dr. Wilson
Bryan Key

Author of Subliminal Seduction Media Sexploitation

presents a multi-media presentation that looks into and beyond the innocent-appearing advertisements that seduce us into spending our money

tomorrow Night

(January 30)

UC Ballroom

8 P.M.

Pizza and Beer

Now you can enjoy delicious Pizza, Italian food and our famous New York Style Bakery — all under one roof.

And don't forget our specials... Mon.—Spaghetti Wed.—Italian Buffet Thursday—Buddy Night

Villa Sanrino

241 W. Main, Missoula, Montana 59801

Phone 543-8414

Western Montana College • Tuesday, January 29, 1980 • 5
POSITION OPENING: Action for Eastern Montana is accepting applications for an Energy Adviser to work in the Local Energy Emergency Preparedness and Preparedness Program. This job requires skill and interest in small-scale renewable technologies for individual homes and communities. Must have high school diploma or GED and some college training preferable. Freedom to travel is also necessary.


Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer

---

$2.00 OFF 16" PIZZA

5-9 P.M. Tuesday

$1.50 PITCHERS

9-11 P.M. Monday-Friday

EAT IN OR TAKE OUT

PRESS BOX

835 E. Broadway

Next to Eastgate

Phone

721-1212

---

**LOST HORSE NORDIC VILLAGE**

FREE X-COUNTRY

SKI RENTALS

Monday-Friday 9-5

To the First 20 Skiers/Day

---

Lost Horse Saloon:

Broasted Chicken

Chili (Homemade)

Imported Beer

Fine Wine/Cocktails

---

"SNOW GOOSE NORDIC"

SKI SHOP: Rentals

Fisher Skis

---

35 Mi.

Miles of Groomed Trails

Lighted Tube Hill

LOST HORSE CREEK ROAD

363-1516

---

NICE SHOOTING!!!

**Varsity:**

- Harry Brennan
  - 805 Series—224, 224, 217, 190
- Tony Lubke
  - 864 Series—206, 216, 248, 174
- Mel Garrett—200 Game, 213 Game
- Rhonda Mushuc—253 Game, 206 Game
- Tim Webster—207 Game
- Garland Stillman—210 Game

Special Of The Day Pool — $1.00/Hour Until 4 P.M.

---

SPORTS

**Freshman leads UM gymnasts**

By LYNN PENICK

Montana Kaimin Sports Editor

Music from the "Pink Panther" accompanied the cat-like movements of University of Montana gymnast Wendy Honchell as she performed her floor exercises routine in the Harry Adams Field House Annex Friday.

The smile remained on her face while she performed her improvised routine.

"In gymnastics, you show your personality in all of your routines," Honchell said yesterday. "The better you are, the more you can perform to your personality." Honchell, a freshman in health and physical education from Littleton, Colo., portrays patience and determination in her moves.

It is on the uneven bars, Honchell's favorite event, that the slender, brown-haired, blue-eyed gymnast is the most consistent and smooth.

"Everything flows if I can get going right (on the uneven), everything just flows together," she commented. "I'll change my whole routine around one new move. But it's got to feel comfortable."

UM's top all-around competitor, Honchell said the uneven bars are not always her best event.

"If I stick it," she said, "the (balance) beam is worth the most points. I usually score higher on the vault than on the uneven bars also. The beam scares me to death," she added, "so I tend to fall off a lot.

Despite problems on the beam, Honchell tends to score highly on it because of the difficulty of her routine.

Some problems

She said she has problems with floor exercises because "I'm not a good dancer" and on the vault because "I'm not fast enough on my approach."

But, Honchell said her biggest problem is overcoming her moodiness.

"If I psych myself up I'll hit in all my routines," she said.

Team spirit and the "positive attitude" of UM Coach Terry Hamilton have helped Honchell since coming to the university, she said.

Before coming to UM, Honchell competed for private clubs in both Georgia and Colorado.

"I never had a good coach or coach herself. By the end of the season, she wants to score 32 points in all-around competition. In Friday's meet against Spokane Community College she tallied 31.05 points.

Honchell has also set a goal for herself. By the end of the season, she wants to score 32 points in all-around competition. In Friday's meet against Spokane Community College she tallied 31.05 points.

Honchell shows the same characteristics in talking about gymnastics as she does while performing.

"I've got a lot of room for improvement, but I know that I'll get better with practice," she said.

---

**Weekend round-up**

**Gymnastics**

In its home opener last weekend, the University of Montana women's gymnastics team was narrowly defeated, 120.85-120.45, by Spokane Community College.

In the all-around competition, UM's Wendy Honchell tallied 31.05 points to win. Cathy Sowal was third with 30.4 points.

**Women's basketball**

The University of Montana women's basketball team squeaked by Montana State University 69-67 in the Dahlberg Arena Friday night.

The Grizzlies led by 20 points at halftime, but the Bobcats fought back in the closing minutes of the game. Two last minute free throws by Bobcat senior guard, Linda D'Angelo, set the final score. Greenfield led the scoring for UM with 24 points and 13 rebounds. Sandy Sevag had 14 points and 11 rebounds, while Annette Whitsker pumped in 12 points and Janet Rutten had 11 points.

**Men's basketball**

The University of Montana basketball team moved into a third-place tie in the Big Sky Conference race with four other teams following a 92-78 win against arch-rival Montana State University Saturday.

A record Dahlberg Arena crowd of 9,528 saw Craig Zanon and John Stroeder combine for 47 points to beat the Bobcats. The win gave the Grizzlies a 3-4 record in conference play and a 16-8 overall record.

For his efforts, Zanon was named co-Big Sky Conference Player of the Week, sharing the honor with Weber State University's Mark Mathis. Zanon, a 6-foot-6-inch junior guard from Kalispell, scored 25 points, connecting on six of ten field goal attempts, and made 13 of 14 free throws.

This week, the Grizzlies are at home to host second-place University of Nevada-Reno, which holds a 4-3 conference record, Saturday.

**Wrestling**

The University of Montana wrestling team placed 12th at the 16-team MIWA Tournament in Greeley, Colo. last weekend, finishing 70.25 points behind first-place finisher, the University of Colorado.

Brad Benn, a 150-pound senior, led the Grizzlies, winning two of his four matches with one pin. For his efforts, he was nominated for the Big Sky Conference Wrestler of the Week award.

---

6—Montana Kaimin • Tuesday, January 29, 1980
Puget Power official blames lack of power on Colstrip lawsuits

OLYMPIA (AP)—Allocation of electricity has become a necessity because environmental lawsuits have delayed construction of coal-fired generators in Colstrip, a private utility official said yesterday.

John Ellis, president of Puget Sound Power and Light, was before the state Utilities and Transportation Commission, asking to be permitted to continue use of home space heating units in any building that could tie into natural gas lines.

The company also wants to limit the use of electric heat in areas not serviced by gas to structures that meet insulation requirements.

Ellis told the commission that 84 percent of Puget Power's new customers use space heating units and 93 percent use electric water heating.

If the commission does not approve the company's request, Puget Power will gain 102,000 new water heating customers and 92,000 new space heating customers, the company estimates.

The company would reduce its generation rate and not affect 85 percent of its proposed new customers.

If demand becomes too high, the company could be able to intervene in Puget Power's request.
Weather or not

I entered Tempest's office, hung my hat and proceeded to spill my guts.

"Doc," I said, "is there really any purpose in forecasting the weather?"

Tempest slapped his double-decker forehead and gawked in disbelief.

"You, Caruthers? Doubting our purpose? Sit down, sit down, it appears I've been negligent in your initiation."

"Now, let me tell you about the foehn winds,—what they call around here Chinooks or snow-eaters. Winds drive people mad, Caruthers, cause hangovers, strokes, coronaries and traffic accidents. Depression runs rampant.

"Why a Chinook in Spearfish, S.D., drove up the air temperature 41 degrees in two minutes. In Havre it jumped 31 degrees in three minutes and melted 14 inches of snow in three hours! You call that insignificant, Caruthers?

"You doubt the dire importance of our mission? Sit down, sit down, it appears I've been negligent in your instruction."