University system budget expected to be increased

By CATHY KRADOLFER Montana Capitol Legislative Reporter

HELENA — Budget makers for the governor, Board of Regents and the legislative fiscal analyst said yesterday they will recommend substantial increases for the university system to the Legislature later this week.

None would give dollar amounts for the increases they will propose pending release of their respective budget documents. But the regents and fiscal analyst will both be using the new funding formula — one which the analyst's office said has said could add as much as $50 million over the next two years to the university system's budget.

In addition, the governor's newly appointed budget director, Dave Lewis, said that Gov. Ted Schwinden is "not planning on proposing changes" to the regents' and LFA's recommendations for the increases they will propose.

Lewis said that Gov. Ted Schwinden and Lewis are using Judge's budget as a base from which to make their own amendments.

It is likely that the recommendations of the LFA and the governor for the university system will be higher than Judge's request.

How receptive the Republican-dominated Legislature, which has pledged to cut spending substantially, will be to the expected increase is not yet known. But Sen. Bill Norman, D-Missoula, and others say there is support in both parties for the university system.

"This is the session of the university," Norman said.

The task of sifting through the four budget recommendations falls to the Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Education. The committee is composed of six members — four from the House and two from the Senate. All but two, including the chairman, Rep. Gene Donahue, R-Helena, are new to the committee.

The subcommittee will hear the university system's request for a $2.8 million supplemental appropriation to cover utility bills tomorrow.

Hearings on the university system budget request will not begin until Feb. 10, Donaldson said he hopes to finish work by Feb. 28, when the recommendations will be referred to the House Appropriations Committee and then to the full House. After that, the budget recommendations will be sent to the Senate.

Company and with revisions in parole and criminal sentencing practices were among numerous Democratic senators, on the other hand, responsible for 17 of 22 bills sent to the Senate Committee on Taxation. As in the House, most Republicans dealt with taxation than any other single area.

Every legislature produces a variety of interesting and controversial bills, and this session is no exception. Here is a list of interesting bills proposed so far in the House:

- Rep. Hal Harper, D-Helena, has proposed changing the date for the Montana primary election (for both state and national offices) from June 26 to June 1.

- Rep. Helen O'Connell, D-Great Falls, is sponsoring a bill that would direct the Fish and Game Commission and the Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks to establish a new rule clearly defining the portions of the carcasses of game animals, birds and fish that must be retained as edible portions.

Legislature buckles down to work

By BOOMER SLOTHOWER Montana Capitol Legislative Reporter

HELENA — The pomp and pageantry of inauguration Day Wednesday is behind us. The 1981 legislative session is over, and it is down to hard work for the 1981 Montana Legislature.

Over 1,000 bills were pre-filed for consideration and the House of Representatives and the Senate, both controlled by the Republicans for the first time in recent years, began work on the bills yesterday.

In one of its first actions, the House approved the appropriation bill for legislative salaries and expenses. Included in the bill was a $5 increase in per diem spending for the legislators, bringing the total to $45 a day.

The House appropriated $1,085,045 for itself and $1,017,403 for the Senate. Also included in the bill were legislative printing costs, funds for the Legislative Council, and for the legislative fiscal staff.

The House also approved a new pay schedule for legislative employees, including clerks, secretaries and pages among others, and a clarification of their duties.

Not too surprisingly for a session in which legislators are looking at cut taxes, a large number of the pre-filed bills deal with the portions of the 14 bills that have been referred to the House Committee on Taxation, nine of which were sponsored by Republicans.

Bills dealing with municipal annexation and with revisions in parole and criminal sentencing practices were among numerous bills proposed yesterday. Democratic senators, on the other hand, were responsible for 17 of 22 bills sent to the Senate Committee on Taxation. As in the House, most Republicans dealt with taxation than any other single area.

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Central Board member Ed McMillan, who had been arrested on assault charges, was found hanged Wednesday in a Missoula city jail cell Dec. 20.

McMillan was found with his pants knotted through the cell bars and around his neck, according to Capt. Larry Weathersman of the Missoula County Sheriff's office.

McMillan had been arrested after allegedly pulling a knife at a customer on Stockman's Bar. He was booked into a cell with several other prisoners, according to Capt. Doug Chase, night shift supervisor at the police department.

Steve Spaulding, a friend of McMillan's, said a reason for McMillan to commit suicide. The sheriff's office refused to give any further information on McMillan's death until the coroner's inquest is completed. The inquest is scheduled for the first Monday in June in the first Tuesday after the second Monday in June.

- Rep. Helen O'Connell, D-Great Falls, is sponsoring a bill that would direct the Fish and Game Commission and the Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks to establish a new rule clearly defining the portions of the carcasses of game animals, birds and fish that must be retained as edible portions.

CB member found hanged
The 1981 session of the Montana Legislature—after months of anticipation—has finally arrived.

Many UM administrators, faculty members and student leaders have focusing on the warts on this session, believing it to be crucial to UM's future. With that in mind, they have made plans to lobby—hard—for the money they think will be necessary to maintain or better the university and its operating costs.

They face a difficult task in coping with the Legislation. A general mood of tax-cutting almost certainly will prevail, as it has in the past few sessions. And almost every state institution, including the other university system schools, will be making similar pleas for more money.

Making the situation even tougher, only two of the six members of the Appropriations Committee are knowledgeable about the campus, and the basic aspect of the University of Montana's University System funding has served on it for 30 years. And UM has served on the legislature in the past; thus, there are other institutions whose budgets they work on.

Given these factors, the people trying to better UM's funding will not have an easy time of it.

But UM students, faculty and staff of this unit and affecting not only those of us employed at the university but also the general public, who are affecting the university itself and of the Missoula community.

We would like to congratulate Lieutenant Governor George Turman and Toastmaster Frye in him for saving time on his busy schedule to meet with representatives of the students, staff, and faculty the week of Dec. 8-12.

Lastly, we would like to thank all of the Missoula-area legislators who have taken the time to stop and join us in public meetings and panels aimed at discussing the issues facing the university in the coming year.

Jerry Bromenshenk
president
Jane Flesel
vice president
Guy Rittet
secretary
Patsy Murphy
ex officio officer

Political decision
Editor: I am a 33-year-old working member of the Missoula Community, a non-student, and I would like to register with your office my shock and amazement to hear that we are bringing a Klansman into this town in early February.

I heard your speaker's coordinator yesterday evening on a KUFM feature, and nothing she had to say justified or brought a man like David Duke into this community. Scheduling a man of his background and beliefs legitimizes the rising tide of racism taking place in this country. It's a direct insult to the minority members of Missoula, be they Jew, Indian or Hispanic.

There's an issue of free speech. The idea of a "former" Kluk Klux Klan discussion here to discuss the issues of civil rights and even the idea is ludicrous. Mr. Duke represents the increasingly bold and often great sufferer. He is a "real live assassin" who were selling an all-American family who invited into their home a "real live junkie" and a "real live junkie." And there are many ways to make your point heard without this man. To invite this man to the Montana State Capitol, Helena, Mont., 59601. Letters on university funding would be most effective, for the time being. If they were sent to the members of the Appropriations Joint Subcommittee on Education: Reps. Esther Bengston, Gene Donaldson, Glenn Jacobsen, and Bob Thott; and Sens. Jack Hayday and Harold Nelson.

And while legislators or lobbyists may not always be available to take a phone call, someone at the Capitol's General Information and Message Center, 449-4800, will try to search them out or take a message. ASUM has two lobbyists, Mike Dahlin and Steve Carey, in Helena to listen to and present students' views on important issues.

Legislators listen to the people who elect them. Rather than complaining about the goings-on in Helena, people at the University should direct their opinions to the people who have the power to change things in the next few months.

Sue O'Connell
Visiting poet-in-residence

Do a little lobbying from here
ASUM Constitution changes to be worked toward by Curtis

By GREG GADBERRY
Montana Kaimin Reporter

If ASUM President David Curtis has his way, students may be asked to vote this year on a series of major changes for the ASUM Constitution. The changes could include pay raises for student government officers, compensations for Central Board members and modifications of the election and budget process.

The proposed modifications are part of constitutional "wish list" established by Curtis along with CB members Greg Anderson and Andrew Matoich.

"We started talking at the end of last quarter about what changes we would like to see made in the constitution," Curtis said. "So far, we've come up with quite a few ideas." According to Anderson, any changes to the constitution require not only the approval of the ASUM Constitutional Review Committee and CB but also have to pass by students in the form of a referendum.

"It will be real tough getting a change passed," he said. "First, at least 20 percent of the ASUM have to vote in a referendum to change the constitution. And second, a two-thirds majority of those voting is required for passage."

Regardless of the uphill battle for constitutional change, Curtis said that they are pushing ahead in outlining changes.

The first major modification proposed would be an increase in the salaries of ASUM's president, vice president and business manager.

"We would like to see salaries raised so that executive officers can keep up with costs," Curtis said.

Currently, the ASUM president receives $950 per month for 10 months of the year, and $400 per month for July and August. Curtis' proposal calls for the president's salary to be increased to $450 per month year-round.

Also, the vice president's salary would be increased from $175 per month to $300 per month and the business manager's salary would be increased from $150 per month to $300 per month. Curtis said Curtis said he is also suggesting that a ceiling be placed on the number of credits that an ASUM executive is allowed to take each quarter.

"Right now, an executive officer can take as many credits as he wants and still try to do the job," he said. "I'd like to see executives limited to nine credit hours per quarter."

CB members may also benefit if the constitutional changes being suggested by Curtis, Anderson and Matoich are accepted. For example, one proposed change would provide monetary rewards for CB service.

"We are considering a couple of options," Anderson said. "First, we could either write our way to pay CB members directly or we could allow them to waive the payment of their activity fees while in office."

Another constitutional change suggested would provide for a major refurbishing of ASUM's elections and budgeting. ASUM now holds elections at the end of February, replacing both executive officers and CB members. ASUM's budgeting process usually starts soon after the elections. The officials said the development was being taken with a "liberal" and "positive" view and that it appears that students may eventually be asked to vote on an entire package of constitutional modifications, as both Curtis and Anderson admit they are working on another series of modifications.

Andersen, for example, said that he is working on a revised copy of the constitution. "In reading through the constitution," he said, "I found references to sections that didn't even exist. I think the whole document has to be cleaned up."

And Curtis said that he is now in the process of soliciting suggestions for changes in the constitution other than the ones he has already proposed.

"I'll be talking to Vice President Linda and asking her opinion on changes," he said. "And, also, I'll be talking to other CB members."

Regardless of how many changes are eventually proposed, it may be some time before they reach the voters. According to Anderson, a time table for the introduction of the modifications has yet to be agreed on. "We're still not sure when we want to have the voters look at all of these proposals — before or after the election in February," he said.

Iran may accept newest proposal

NEW YORK (AP) — Algerian intermediaries have told the United States that Iran accepts in principle the latest American proposal for freeing the 52 hostages in Iran, ABC News reported last night.

State Department officials, asking to remain anonymous, told The Associated Press that preliminary signals from Iran suggest that the two sides have reached "agreement on some basic principles" to resolve the stalemate.

The officials said the development was being taken with a degree of seriousness but adds to the term used by ABC, "in principle," with the especially meaning.

ABC said Iran has "come up with a dollar figure of their own which they believe is consistent with the American figure."

ASUM Constitution changes to be worked toward by Curtis

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Lack of snow chills resort owners

By JIM BRUGGERS
Montana Kaimin Reporter

It is usually white and cold, and it occasionally falls from the sky. Some years it falls more frequently than others. This year it seems to be held up in the higher elevations.

The elusive substance is called snow, and the lack of it in the western United States is causing ski resort owners to shiver in their knickers.

In Western Montana, many ski areas are open— but for limited skiing only. Some, however, are closed, and the owners of those closed areas must be praying to the Great Snow God for a blizzard of arctic proportions. Meanwhile, it seems to be a good year for cross-country skiing, a sport that does not depend on chair lifts, rope tows, T-bars or skinny lounges that sell Coors beer.

Veima Green, owner of Marshall Ski Area, east of Missoula, has not opened Marshall yet this year. She said Marshall usually opens in mid-December.

"All hope for a good season is not lost," she said, referring to the 1974-75 season which began Jan. 20, 1976, and continued 90 days. If this year turns out bad for Marshall, it will be the second consecutive poor ski season. The Green family has not had two bad seasons in a row in the 24 years they have operated Marshall. Green had hoped to do well this year, she said, so that snow-making machines could be put in use next year.

At Snow Bowl, northwest of Missoula, owner Dave Malisky said that he is not ready to give up on the snow.

"We’re snow farmers," he said. "We depend completely on the weather."

The weather at Snow Bowl has been good enough to allow the mountain to be open for skiing at the top slope on weekends.

The top slope is a ski run that drops about 800 feet to a T-bar. Malisky said that it is possible to ski down the mountain to about 6,000 feet, which is about 1,000 feet short of the bottom. This means skiers have to take their skis off and hike down to the chair lift.

Ski lessons taught by the University of Montana at Snow Bowl and Marshall have been delayed one week because of the lack of snow, Mavis Lorenz, associate professor of health and physical education, said yesterday. Classes will start the week of Jan. 20, "when the snow comes," she said.

One way Snow Bowl could offset losses if this year turns out snowless is from money it gets from season passes. Malisky sold 800 season passes. Students paid $135 and non-student adults paid $150. The passes are not refundable, Malisky said.

"However, people who purchased the 95s season pass at Marshall have a good chance of getting a refund, or some other form of compensation if the season turns out to be a dud," Green said. "The weather man may do the skiers in, but Marshall won’t," she said.

"Last year we gave back 25 percent," she said, adding that if this year is worse, "we’ll do better than that."

Elsewhere around the state, ski conditions vary from excellent to closed.

The best skiing in the state may be at Lost Trail Pass, 90 miles south of Missoula. A representative for Lost Trail said there were 50 inches of hard-packed snow at the top and 40 inches at the lodge. The lifts at Lost Trail will be running Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Big Mountain, just outside of Whitefish, reported that all runs were open. A spokesman said there were 37 inches of snow at the top and 16 inches on the lower slopes. She said she did not know if there were any rocks or stumps showing on the lower slopes, but that there were bare spots.

The University of Colorado ski team has been skiing at Big Mountain because Colorado has so little snow.

Bridge Bowl, outside of Bozeman, has not opened yet and faces the possibility of two lousy seasons in a row. And Big Sky, south of Bozeman, reported being open on a limited basis only.

The weather man may do the skiers in, but Marshall won," she said.

"This year it seems to be holed up in the valley bottoms may keep lift lines" extended," she said.

In Missoula, in a season when skies are cloudy, the valley bottom is brown and the snowy mountains are hidden, it is hard to tell that winter is here.

Cash shortage delays use of new science building

Because there are no funds to maintain the new science building, it will not be used before July 1 even though it is near completion. University of Montana Planning and Building Consultant John Kreidich said yesterday.

According to the building contract, the main science building will be completed by March 8 and the lecture hall by Jan. 20.

Laurence Berger, acting chairman of the psychology department, said no maintenance budget was approved this year because the building was not expected to be completed this soon.

The building is being completed because of the mild weather, Berger said. A request of $243,637 is being asked of this year’s Legislature for building maintenance over the next biennium. Ted Parker, director of the Physical Plant said the building is located between the Chemistry-Pharmacy and Health Sciences Building and will house psychology and pharmacy laboratories and classrooms.

The 500-seat lecture hall is underground and is connected to the main building by a tunnel.

The new science building is connected to the Chemistry-Pharmacy Building by a bridge at the second-story level.
Suit prompts nuclear transport ban amendments

Missoula’s radioactive transportation ban, which has been the subject of a court action, was amended last month to make it more defensible in court, Assistant City Mgr Nan Ellingson said yesterday.

The amendments, adopted by the City Council on Dec. 23, eliminate a portion of the ordinance that prohibited shipments against the nuclear power industry. The original ordinance had permitted small radioactive shipments for medical, industrial or research purposes while prohibiting shipments relating to nuclear power plants. The amended version still permits these shipments but requires 24-hour notice and acceptable packaging.

Ellingson said the amended ordinance allows “most if not all” of the shipments now crossing through Missoula. The major shipper, Chem-Nuclear Systems, is a Washington-based company which ships nuclear materials to and from Hanford, Wash. Proponents of the ordinance estimate that there are about three shipments a week.

When the original ordinance went into effect March 1, Chem-Nuclear filed a suit against the city of Missoula, alleging that the ordinance discriminated against the nuclear power industry and placed an undue burden on interstate commerce.

U.S. District Judge Russell Smith granted an injunction against the ordinance, although Chem-Nuclear was allowed to continue shipping. Ellingson said the injunction is still in effect despite the amendments, and that even the 24-hour notice rule is not being followed.

Ellingson said the issue will probably not go to court until after the Department of Transportation issues new rules on radioactive shipments. If these rules are weaker than Missoula’s, the city could defend its ordinance in court.
WINE NITE

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UTU contract negotiations continue

The current contract expires in June, and discussions for a new two-year contract began last month. Both the UTU, representing the University of Montana faculty, and the Board of Regents, which allocates the university budget, submitted a preliminary list of proposals at the opening bargain­

ing session Dec. 10.

Howard Reinhart, professor of mathematics, and UTU president, said yesterday that the respective bargaining teams will "get back to the table" sometime in mid-January to clarify positions and exchange viewpoints.

Two major areas of discussion, he said, are faculty salary incre­

ases and the faculty evaluation system. Reinhart expressed hope that the latter would be improved, making it a more valuable instru­

ment in judging faculty perfor­

mance. He did not specify any proposals, however.

Jack Noble, deputy commis­

sioner for financial affairs for the university system, also felt that significant changes must be made in the evaluation system.

"The students are dropping the ball," he said yesterday, men­

tioning that ASUM failed to meet its Nov. 15 deadline for completing the evaluation process. He said the resulting confusion caused the faculty evaluation proposal to be "inadequate.

Specifically, Noble said that the teacher responsible for the student evaluation system must "modify this time frames to better suit the students." He complained that in the past the system has been biased by poor organization and student apathy.

ASUM President David Curtis took a different view of the matter. Dr. Reinhardt told him last fall that if the evaluation was completed for 85 percent of the departments, the project would be a success ... over 80 percent are in now," he said.

Curtis conceded that there were some problems last quarter, but was confident that they would be straightened out. In particular, he said that progress has been made in transferring the information into a computer system. This should be completed this quarter, he said.

"I feel real confident that we're straightening it out," Curtis added.

"Beginning something like this is a massive project ... (but) I think it's got a really good future.

Noble said that the administration and the board are negotiating in somewhat general terms, since the final budget will probably not be decided until near the end of the current legislative session.

"Right now, we have to fire blanks," Noble said.

In addition to Noble, the ad­

ministration's bargaining team consists of Donald Habbe, UM academic vice president; George Mitchell, UM legal counsel; Patricia Douglas, UM vice presi­

dent for fiscal affairs; and Joe Sicotte, director of labor relations for the Commissioner of Higher Education's office.

On the UTU team, Reinhardt is joined by Charles Bryan, bargain­ing team chairman and mathematics professor; William Derrick, mathematics department chairman; Richard Barrett, associate professor of economics; Mark Behan, professor of botany; William Elison, assistant professor of library sciences; and Michael Brown, chairman of the account­ing and finance department.

Marriage is in the same state as the Church: Both are becoming functionally defunct, as our preachers go about heralding a revival, eagerly chalking up con­

verts in a day of dread. And just as God has been pronounced dead quite often but has this sneaky way of resurrecting himself, so does everyone debunk marriage, yet ends up married.

—Shulamith Firestone
the Kaimin

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FRIDAY AND SATURDAY—FREE Sandwiches

Montana Kaimin • Wednesday, January 7, 1981—7

Montana Kaimin • Wednesday, January 7, 1981—7
President search...

Cont. from p. 1
Richardson by yesterday, including six by Curtis—three for an undergraduate student position, three for a graduate student position.

Curtis said his recommendations for the positions are Amin Leffler, the associate professor of philosophy, and Stacia Graham in interdisciplinary studies.

Richardson said he plans to advertise the opening for UM president in The Chronicle of Higher Education, a national university news publication, and by sending letters soliciting nominees to colleges, universities, and foundations around the nation. The deadline for applications will be March 1, and an appointment should be chosen by the end of February. "It was an outgrowth of deuterium, or heavy hydrogen a half-century ago set the stage for the atomic age, died at his home in La Jolla, Calif., early yesterday. He was 87.

A spokesman at the University of California at San Diego, where Urey had taught since 1958, said the professor emeritus of chemistry died "peacefully of heart problems and old age." In 1934, Urey won the Nobel Prize for chemistry for his discovery of deuterium, or heavy hydrogen, essential to the development of the hydrogen bomb, while working at Columbia University in 1931.

Urey earned a bachelor of science degree in chemistry from UM in 1917 and was later a chemistry instructor here. He entered the University of California at Berkeley in 1921 to work toward a doctoral degree.

Urey is one of nine persons whose portraits are to be put in the Montana law giving job preference to veterans in public departments or public works.

• Rep. James Burnett, R-Luther, has proposed a bill that would require the state flag of Montana to bear the word "Montana" above the Great Seal.

• Rep. Rep. Jack Moore, R-Great Falls, is sponsoring a bill that would make window pictures in motor vehicles illegal. The law would require that visibility into a vehicle be unhindered.

• Sen. William Hafferman, D-Libby, has proposed a bill to prohibit the use of herbicides and insecticides along roadways located in forested land west of the Continental Divide.

• Sen. Matt Himsl, R-Kalispell, has proposed a bill that would exclude from nepotism the appointment of a spouse, child or parent to technical, scientific or licensed employment. If that person is the most qualified, the amendment would expand the definition of unfair housing to include pre-sale transaction, realty organizations and advertising.

• Sen. Dorothy Eck, D-Bozeman, has proposed a bill that would establish a Montana cancer tumor registry and to require hospitals to report information on patients with tumors.

• Sen. Bob Brown, R-Whitefish, has proposed a bill at the request of the Montana Human Rights Commission, to amend laws on discrimination in housing to conform to federal requirements to enable the state to receive federal funds. The amendment would require 51 percent of the qualified voters to vote on all city, county, school district and some special districts mill levies. The bill would also require that 60 percent of those voting approve the measure.

If the day should ever come when we (the Nazis) must go, if some day we are compelled to leave the scene of history, we will slam the door so hard that the universe will shake and mankind will stand for an instant in stupification.

"It is out of aloofness that we personally our divine and then appeal to Him."

—E. M. Cioran

Cont. from p. 1
HELENA (AP) — Nobel Laureate Harold C. Urey, the University of Montana graduate whose discovery of heavy hydrogen half-century ago set the stage for the atomic age, died at his home in La Jolla, Calif., early yesterday. He was 87.

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Urey is one of nine persons whose portraits are to be put in the Montana law giving job preference to veterans in public departments or public works.

• Rep. James Burnett, R-Luther, has proposed a bill that would require the state flag of Montana to bear the word "Montana" above the Great Seal.

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• Sen. Matt Himsl, R-Kalispell, has proposed a bill that would exclude from nepotism the appointment of a spouse, child or parent to technical, scientific or licensed employment. If that person is the most qualified or is the only available qualified applicant.

If the day should ever come when we (the Nazis) must go, if some day we are compelled to leave the scene of history, we will slam the door so hard that the universe will shake and mankind will stand for an instant in stupification.

"It is out of aloofness that we personally our divine and then appeal to Him."

—E. M. Cioran

Cont. from p. 1
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