Montana Kaimin, May 1, 1984

Associated Students of the University of Montana
$15,000 ASUM summer pie to be split among ten groups

By Dave Fisher
Kaimin Contributing Reporter

Ten ASUM groups filed $37,000 in summer budget requests before the deadline yesterday, but only about $15,000 will be allocated, ASUM Business Manager Greg Gullickson said yesterday.

ASUM Programming, Campus Recreation and the Milledge Studies and Information Center accounted for over half the total amount requested. Seven other groups requested amounts ranging from $4,980 for the Montana Masquers to $300 for the University Dance Ensemble.

ASUM uses a separate budget for groups that operate through summer quarter. The budget is funded solely by summer quarter activity fees.

Central Board will hold public hearings on the requests on May 21. ASUM President Phoebe Patterson will turn in her budget recommendations on May 22, and CB will draw up the final budget on May 23.

This year's budget requests are listed below:

- Wilderness Studies and Information Center: $4,980
- ASUM Programming: $5,975
- Montana Masquers: $4,700
- ASUM Student Gardens: $673
- The Montana Kaim: $3,346
- Campus Recreation—facilities: $3,585
- Circle K Club: $1,000
- Campus Recreation: $3,528
- University Dance Ensemble: $300
- Women's Resource Center: $1,454

DIGGING HER SPIKES INTO THE LONG POLE at about the 30-foot mark is Sue Gethen, freshman in forestry. Gethen shinnied up the wooden staff for the University of Montana Forestry Club in the Association of Western Forestry Club's Annual Lumberjack Competition at the UM Golf Course. She came in third in this event, and UM took fifth place overall. Nine teams competed. Photo by Peter Brown

Pulitzers are won through commitment, not by publishing trash, says Clarkson

By Michael Moore
Kaimin Contributing Reporter

The path to the Pulitzer Prize should be paved with compassion and commitment, not littered with the "trashy, sham journalism" being practiced by papers such as USA Today, a prize-winning photographer said Friday night at the School of Journalism's awards banquet.

"Good journalism, committed for the right reasons, is the stuff good Pulitzers are made of," Richard C. Clarkson, assistant managing editor for graphics at the Denver Post, told the crowd of about 300.

Clarkson's speech was titled "How to Win a Pulitzer Prize, and Why USA Today Will Never Win One." USA Today is a paper relatively new to the newspaper market and is characterized by flashy colors, numerous charts and graphics, and short news stories.

Clarkson said the problem with USA Today is that the paper is too concerned with finding out what the American public wants to read and then regurgitating it for them. At a press conference earlier in the day, Clarkson said that USA Today will do a market analysis on a topic of interest, find out what the public supports, and then print editorials in favor of that position.

"The reader isn't likely to find the paper taking a stand on any controversial topics, Clarkson said, calling USA Today a "pathetic shame that will eventually die in the marketplace."

"It's a newspaper for the rat-\textsuperscript{1}.'"

Clarkson said journalists have become so preoccupied with winning awards and contests that they have lost sight of what they are trained to do—report the news as accurately as possible.

Clarkson had several anecdotes about journalists who were more concerned with getting the important story than they were in getting first place in some contest. It's that drive, that willingness to go that extra step, that separates good journalists from bad ones, he said.

One story was about a photographer at the Denver Post who paid his own way to Ethiopia to photograph a story about drought and famine in that country, and subsequently won the Pulitzer for his efforts.

"Good journalism takes people where they can't go. See 'Clarkson,' page 8."
F orum

Don’t blow the rules

Editor: Re. the article on bike safety (Kaimin, Thursday April 12th), I’d like to clarify a few points that didn’t come out too well.

First, from my perspective as a long-time cyclist and the City’s bike coordinator, the problem is not lack of adherence to “bike safety rules.” The problem is lack of basic competence among a large number of bike riders.

As I watch adult cyclists riding down the street, I often see a wide variety of mistakes—wrong saddle height, wrong approach to intersections, poor cadence etc. Most of these errors do not lead directly to accidents but they indicate a general lack of understanding of cycling technique. When you see a cyclist who is doing everything else wrong, it isn’t too surprising that he or she is also blowing traffic rules.

Nor is it surprising that these problems exist. Most high schools teach driver training; most kids get some sort of instruction in driving from their parents. But few kids get real-life instruction in riding a bike. And few parents know how to ride. No wonder people grow up thinking that riding against traffic is safe and running stop signs is OK. They have never learned otherwise—except perhaps in some sort of bike rodeo or dry-as-dust pamphlet.

One of the programs my office will be running during the month of May is a short introductory course in cycling for adults. In two hours, we will cover a wide range of topics, most of which deal with getting around in traffic. We will teach adults how to ride legally and effectively and we will teach them how to avoid motorist errors (a major cause of car-bike crashes). Cyclists who would like to take this course are encouraged to call my office. We will be scheduling small groups and individual instruction on an appointment basis.

John Williams
Missoula Bicycle Coordinator
721-4700x226

Bovine extract

Editor: To the consumers of Montana.

Since the 1930’s the price of milk in Montana has been fixed by the Montana Milk Control Board and not by the more fair, competitive market. Originally the law was designed to help the producer against unfair business practices by distributors which offered them such low prices that they often would dump their milk rather than sell it. These activities by the dairy industry had potential to threaten the quality and quantity of milk available to the consumer. This forced the government to act by creating the Milk Control Board.

Times have changed since the depression years and so, too, must the law. The years have been taken advantage of by the dairy industry and the results are high prices and poor milk, and we the consumers pay the bill. Even the State Legislature made arrangements to do away with this pricing scheme so no one else is left out.

The Milk Control Board has its primary function to fix prices. The Milk Control Board fixes minimum prices for milk which means prices on milk can go up but not down. This makes it illegal to sell milk below the fixed price, so after the board is done prices can only fall. The Milk Control Board only fixes producer prices but goes all the way in fixing wholesale and retail prices. The presence of this bad law also limits the amount of milk the consumer can choose from. Many large grocery store chains carry their own brand and sell it at a higher price, so after the board is done prices stores find it difficult to sell their own milk. Many do not. This squeezes out the competition and forces us to buy from these huge food corporations.

The state government has been too slow to do away with the Milk Control Board, as it had intended to do, probably due to pressure from the dairy lobby. Dairymen, like all businessmen, try to maximize profits and they often can find protection from competition using the government. What we have to do as consumers is to make our voice heard above those of special interest groups and through the initiative process do what our government has failed to do.

This spring in Montana a petition is being circulated that will put this issue finally before the voters in November. It is going to take about 25,000 signatures in the state to put this on the ballot. Your help is needed. If you see a petition, please sign it. If you would like to help, by getting signatures from friends and neighbors, or desire more information, please contact me at 728-5650. It’s time for our voice to be heard. Our government has got to consider the benefits of the few over the interests of the few.

Chris Scarlett
Senior, Bus. Mgmt.

Strong tool

Editor: I read your newspaper regularly, and I am always going to take about 25,000

use this medium as a strong tool on campus and around the community to voice rich and new opinions.

In specific I have recently become aware of a new cartoonist on your staff. The one-frame comics by a woman, Michelle Pollard, are a wonderfully new and powerful asset to your publication. The clever manipulation of current events that she comes up with are always a delight, creating metaphors using animals, inanimate objects, and hypothetical conflict situations are always filled with biting wit and elevated satire. Particularly that one with the naughty KGB agent giving the “Bronx cheer” to us “damn” yanks. They never fail to get the point across and hit home.

I only wish I could see her work more often. Keep up the good work.

Rayce Boucher
Freshman, English

by Berke Breathed

MONTANA KAIMIN
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2—Montana Kaimin • Tuesday, May 1, 1984
Forestry students lead rustic lives, get experience at spring camp

By Julie Sullivan
Kaimin Contributing Reporter

They put in ten-hour days without pay felling trees, fighting fires, living in rustic cabins with no television, library, theaters and few newspapers.

A chain gang? No, University of Montana students at spring camp.

Since 1976, sophomore and junior forestry students have been going to spring camp at UM's Lubrecht Experimental Forest 30 miles east of Missoula on Highway 200.

The students spend Spring Quarter gaining practical experience in surveying, firefighting and resource management. They take an 18-credit course load with three to four hours of lectures daily, followed by several hours of working in the woods.

This year, 18 people are attending spring camp, just over half the number that attended last year. Robert Steele, a retired UM professor who lives and teaches at the camp, said up to 55 people went to spring camp in previous years.

Steele attributes the declining enrollment to competing courses, a smaller enrollment in the School of Forestry and a reluctance on the part of the students to spend an entire quarter at the camp.

But, while faculty members are discouraged by the declining enrollment, the students like the smaller class.

"It will be hard going back to classes with 70 people in them," Mark Miller, 20, said, "because here we know the professors on a first-name basis."

Christine Accetturo, 21, who is from Chicago, said students can wander over to the professors' cabins at anytime for help "as long as it's not after 10 p.m."

Although most students agree spring camp is one of their best UM experiences they admit it's sometimes difficult being so far away from campus.

"If you're a social person and into the city life you don't belong here," Bob Post, 24, who is from Colorado, said. What is required to enjoy spring camp, he says, is an ability to get along with the other people up there.

The group is divided into crews of three which live, eat and work together for 10 weeks.

"You just have to adjust to being with people all the time," Post said, "because it's impossible to escape your crew.

Most of the students seem to agree that spring camp improves job opportunities.

"You're learning something and going out and applying it," Post, who is also camp manager, said. That is something employers, such as the Forest Service and Champion International, look for, he said.

The students don't spend all their time studying or thinking about jobs. There are facilities for horseshoes, volleyball, miles of trails for hiking and a softball field that Miller says "just thawed out."

Miller, who is the only native Montanan in the group, hailing from Belt, said the cafeteria, recreation room and lecture hall are open all night if a student wants a place to hang-out.

"The food is definitely better than any food service I've ever eaten at," he added.

Doesn't it ever get dull up there?

"How can you get bored with the wind in the trees?" asks Accetturo, one of the three women at camp.

Despite the isolation, Steele, who has been at Lubrecht since 1959, says the camp experience is essential to learning good forestry.

"Most people coming to the forestry school are city kids who need to be put in touch with the woods," Steele said. Besides accomplishing that, he says the camp also enables him to write better recommendations for job-seeking students.

When I'm asked to recommend one of these people, I know he just didn't sit in the back of one of my classes because I lived with him for 10 weeks," Steele said.

Benjamin Stout, dean of the forestry school, says the Lubrecht camp is a rarity because other college forestry camps are offered only in the summer.

Stout says he supports the camp for "strong philosophical reasons" that go beyond the education the students receive.

"A maturation takes place that is truly remarkable," he said.

Although there are some philosophical differences with the department over the worth of the camp, Stout believes it is tremendously beneficial.

This year because of the drop in enrollment the camp's $21,000 budget, excluding faculty salaries, had to be subsidized by the forestry school.

Stout said normally the students' tuition, room and board costs cover the camp's expenses, making it self-supporting. Eight forestry faculty members work on the camp program including Donald Potts, Steven Running, Nellie Stark, James Lowe, Stephan McCool and Ronald Wakimoto. Henry Goetz is Lubrecht forest manager.

Alice in Weatherland

"Oh my dear paws!" cried the White Rabbit as he fell.

"I thought I was done with this sort of thing when I quit working for Lewis Carroll!"

He was hurtling through empty space, down toward a large building shaped like a light bulb.

"Mayday, mayday!" he called.

The White Rabbit missed the giant light bulb by a whisker and landed with a thump in the cushioned upholstered of Alice's silver sports car.

"Hey, not bad," he said.

"And what with the scattered rain or snow showers, a high of 55 and a low of 38, it's a perfect day for a ride!"

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May 1st.
There's no bones about it: Montana is one of the best states to go to for finding dinosaur remains. Many have been found in Montana during the past century, more than 100 million years since the reptile became extinct. The most recent dinosaur find, near Choteau, is considered to be the most significant, however, because of the intact dinosaur eggs that were discovered there.

Jack Hoerner, curator of paleontology at the Museum of the Rockies in Bozeman and a member of the Montana State University faculty, is conducting research of the dinosaur remains found near Choteau.

The Choteau site, Hoerner said, is “by far the most important dinosaur site in the world.” His team has found a colony of nests, he said, some of which contain 15 to 20 eggs. Most of the 200 to 300 egg remains that have been found were from hatched eggs, but about 19 eggs contained embryos, Hoerner said.

New evidence from the site suggests dinosaurs were not big ferocious monsters that roamed alone, fighting each other or chasing cave men; rather, they had a developed social structure, he said.

Dinosaurs watched over their eggs and took care of their young very much like birds, he said. Baby dinosaurs were cared for in the nest for about six months to a year. After leaving the nest, the young stayed with the adults and roamed in herds.

Remains of baby dinosaurs were also found at the site. Remains of a newly hatched duck-billed dinosaur, which reached about 30 feet in length and weighed 4 to 6 tons as an adult, were found in Montana during the past century; more than 100 eggs have been collected since then. The eggs contained embryos, Hoerner said.

The largest known dinosaur to roam the earth was the ultrasaurus, remains of which were found in Utah. This beast is similar to the more familiar brontosaurus, which has a long neck and a sleek body.

The ultrasaurus had a nine-foot shoulder blade and stood more than 30 feet tall, Hoerner said. It is estimated that this giant reptile weighed 45 to 50 tons. In comparison, an elephant weighs 4 to 6 tons, and a blue whale, which is the largest animal on earth, weighs about 100 tons.

The site in Choteau “stands as one of the most incredible discoveries yet found in this country or anywhere else in regard to fossil information and dinosaurs,” said Robert Fields, UM geology professor emeritus.

The only other dinosaur eggs that have been found were four or five in Central Asia in 1927 by the Central Asiatic expedition of the American Museum. Fields said the eggs are four to five inches wide and seven to eight inches long and shaped “like a medical capsule.” The shape and color of the eggs, he said, are used to identify different species of dinosaurs.

Because of the odds of finding such a well-preserved site, Fields said the Choteau site is “well beyond our highest hopes for ever discovering something of this nature.” He said the odds of such an organism being partly or fully preserved are about one in 100,000.

However, Fields said, because of the chalky soil formation in eastern Montana, “it’s not uncommon to pick up bits and pieces of dinosaur material” while hiking near Augusta or Choteau.

Dinosaurs watched over their eggs, he said, and conducted some excavations in Montana. It is expensive to excavate, transport and prepare dinosaur remains. It cost the eastern institutions $30,000 to $40,000 for the dinosaur operation during the boom, it would cost $150,000 to $200,000 to do the same today, Fields said.

The last extensive excavations in Montana took place in the Crazy Mountain Basin east of Bozeman and were completed in 1927. Very little has been done since that time except at the site near Choteau, which is the only major dinosaur research project under way, Fields said. But, he added, eastern Montana has “many, many other spots where dinosaur materials could be recovered.”

Dinosaur remains give some clues as to how dinosaurs lived. Montana 100 million years ago was a hot, tropical area similar to Central and South America, Fields said, and most of the dinosaur remains were found in mud that hardened, preserving bones and teeth.

Dinosaurs were a hot, tropical area similar to Central and South America, with only one theory as there is to support one. However, he said, one reason dinosaurs became extinct was because the climate became cooler and dryer.
Chocolate bunnies, night baseball and socialist revolution

By John Kappes
Kaimin Arts Editor

Dear Diary—May 1, 1984—

I couldn't resist talking to the woman with the small red flag taped to her shoulder. "Are you a Maoist?" I asked, innocently.

"I could smell the clam dinner I was missing all the way from China," she said.

"Thought night baseball was as radical as Seattle got," I politely refused her offer of chocolate bunnies for Easter in the socialist paradise? White chocolate bunnies, with floppy ears?

"By God, Diary, she shut up then."

Chocolate bunnies, night baseball and socialist revolution

By Deirdre Hathhorn
Kaimin Reporter

Kessler Beer, a product that has been extinct for 27 years, is returning to the state's grocery shelves and bars.

The Kessler brewery in Helena is the first of the small, home-town brewing operations in Montana to attempt a comeback since national competition forced them to close between Prohibition and the 1960s.

Dan Carey, head of Kessler operations, said the beer is not intended to compete with Budweiser, Miller, Olympia or other national brands, but is being offered as an alternative product.

Carey likened Kessler's place in the national market to a home-town bakery which avoids competing with Wonder Bread by producing a different type of product.

Kessler's German-style recipe has a distinct flavor, light color, and will be heavier than most domestic beers. Kessler will cost less than imported beer, but more than domestic—about $4.50 a six-pack.

Kessler Beer's expected market date is set for early September, and will be available in Missoula, Bozeman, Butte, Kalispell, Great Falls, Helena and Billings.

Carey, 23, has a degree in brewing from the University of California, Davis and developed the recipe during his studies at the university. He said the recipe took about three months to formulate.

Carey was chosen to run Kessler by a representative of Montana Beverage Corp., a newly-formed group of about five Helena businessmen interested in reviving Helena's brewing business.

Since Helena lacks brewing facilities, Carey's first task is to construct a new brewery. He said about 75 percent of the equipment for the new plant was purchased used from old breweries in Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Bill Steinbrenner, whose family operated the Highland brewery in Missoula until 1962, predicted that Kessler Beer will have a tough time turning a profit because of national competition. He said that a small brewery lacks the equipment to bottle beer fast enough to keep up with national companies.

He also predicted that Kessler would be unable to buy grain inexpensively because they're not large enough to enjoy the economies of scale enjoyed by the major breweries.

Carey said a few bars have shown interest in carrying Kessler Beer on tap, but added that since the beer is not yet on the market, it's difficult to know how the product will perform.

"Beer is fickle," Carey said, "you don't know how people will react to the product."

The decline of small breweries in Montana followed the national trend. Before Prohibition there were about 1,700 breweries in the country; now there are 30. In pre-Prohibition Montana, 53 breweries were operating. That figure dropped to 10 by the end of Prohibition.

Many of the remaining breweries folded during the Great Depression of the 1930s when national competition became more fierce and the inefficient small breweries were unable to compete.

The decline leveled off during World War II because the government imposed a grain quota on breweries because the war caused a grain shortage.

The trend continued following World War II until another grain quota was called during the Korean War.

Following the Korean War, the number of remaining locally-owned breweries slowly declined until the national breweries gained total domination of the beer market.

Kessler's German-style recipe has a distinct flavor, light color, and will be heavier than most domestic beers. Kessler will cost less than imported beer, but more than domestic—about $4.50 a six-pack.
UM tennis team travels to Boise for Big Sky tournament

By Eric Williams
Kaimin Sports Reporter

The University of Montana men's tennis team travels to Boise State this weekend to compete in the 19th Big Sky Conference tennis tournament. UM takes a 12-5 overall record into the tournament, and although Coach Larry Gianchetta isn't predicting a victory for the Grizzlies, he said he expects the team to do well.

Gianchetta said he expects Nevada-Reno "to walk away with the title" and Weber State and Idaho State U to come in second. Northern Arizona in the strong southern division.

WSU is the defending conference champion, and the Wildcats and UNR are the only teams to claim the title since 1979.

UM is 2-2 against Big Sky foes this year, having beaten Idaho 5-4 and MSU 6-3, while losing to BSU 7-2 and ISU 6-3. Gianchetta said the Big Sky does not have a regular-season schedule, only the conference tournament.

He described the round-robin tournament as "hell week," because each team plays two games Thursday, two Friday, two Saturday and one Sunday.

He said the tournament format is advantageous to the teams in the best physical condition. He added that UM has only one substitute on the roster, so if anyone gets hurt it will make things difficult for the team.

Gianchetta said number two player Eric Thornfeldt has a slightly separated shoulder, but is planning on playing.

The highlight of the season so far, Gianchetta said, was the home victory over Idaho. He said it was UM's first victory over the Vandals in his five years as coach.

Number three player Randy Ash leads the team with a 15-2 record, while number five Dan Shannon is close behind with a 14-3 mark.

Jody Wolfe, the team's number one player, has a 12-5 tally, and Thornfeldt, number four Ryan Knee and number six Craig Meyer all have winning records.

"It would be unrealistic to expect the team to win the conference," Gianchetta said, "but we have quality individuals at each spot who could do well at the tournament."

"Our realistic goal is to do well against the northern teams," he said, and have individual players do well against the southern teams.

UM soccer team places fifth in tourney

The University of Montana soccer team placed fifth out of six teams at a tournament in Butte over the weekend.

UM lost 1-0 to a city-league team from Missoula and lost 3-1 to the Montana State University soccer team. Bozeman University, a city-league team, forfeited its match to UM to give them their only victory.

Fullback Bill Elmendorf said the team is in a rebuild year because last year's team went defunct. "We're really just trying to get things going again," he said.

The tournament in Butte, which was UM's first competition of this season, was sponsored by Montana Tech.

ASUM Recycling Committee down in the dumps

By Shannon Hinds
Kaimin Reporter

Last quarter the ASUM Recycling Committee built two new newspaper recycling bins, but this quarter not much has been heard about them.

According to temporary chairman Mark Guilmette, both the chairwoman and one committee member accepted a spring quarter internship in New Hampshire, and since they left "there is not as much motivation in the committee." When ASUM allocated $225 to the Recycling Committee to build more bins this year, eight members were on the committee. According to Guilmette, only four of them were actively involved. Guilmette said, "We're really just trying to get things going again until Yackel and Benevento return this summer."

Forty percent of the money from recycled papers goes to the committee, and the rest is donated to Friends to Youth. Guilmette said he doesn't want to see the committee fall apart, and he wants to keep promoting the idea of recycling and saving resources.

The committee adviser, Ron Erickson, director of environmental studies, said that in the past the committee has been very active, but he hasn't seen any of the committee members since fall quarter.

ASUM Vice President Jeremy Sauter said that he hadn't known that the committee was inactive, because he can't monitor every committee on campus. This is a strange situation because the committee was "gung ho" in budgeting, Sauter said, adding that he would "hop on" the problem immediately.
lost or found

LOST: SET of keys attached to large safety pin. I need them desperately. Call 549-6934.


TO GIVE away: tiny black and white female kitten, apparently abandoned by mother. Friendly, playful, box-trained. Call 723-5180, evenings.

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QUALITY I'm going to tell you one more time—Bruce is not MPR Tonight. 96-1

OUT IN MONTANA a Lesbian and Gay Male Organization has various events including Men's Night, Women's Night, scavenger hunts, dancing, and parties throughout Montana. For more information call 723-6699 between 7-9 p.m. 96-1

FLOAT - "river of no return": Perfect float trips forming now! For info call 723-3025. 95-3

DON'T MISS the last Physical Therapy Club meeting of the year, May 1st, 7:00 at the P.T. Annex, in the basement of the Women's Center. Be there for the big surprise! 94-3

YES FOR YOU — The Student Program. Prizes, people and picnic. To sign up call 243-5110, 2-4 p.m., M-F.

PHYSICAL THERAPY Spring Banquet is Saturday, May 5th, 5:00, at Marshall Ski Area. Pre-physical therapy, professional physical therapy students, and significant others are welcome! Make reservations at P.T. Annex or call 243-4191. 96-1

BUSY THIS summer? If you can give six weeks free, you can compete for one of 300 two-year scholarships. Info and appointment, 243-2769. 95-5

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BABYSITTER NEEDED: in the afternoons, possible reduced rent for babysitting for a 1 bedroom apartment, close to University, 723-8528.

BABYSITTER NEEDED occasionally for two small children in my home. Must be responsible, healthy, intelligent, loving Christian with own transportation. No smoking. Prefer someone who will be available in Missoula for 1-2 years: $250/week. 243-3944.

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UM undergrad is candidate to be Hart delegate at national convention

By Carol Hyman
Kaimin/Consulting Report

Carew, 22, a senior at the University of Montana, announced her candidacy last week as a Gary Hart delegate to the Democratic National Convention.

At the Missoula caucus on March 25, Carew was the only UM undergraduate elected as a Hart delegate to the state convention. Two other undergrads were elected at the Missoula to represent them at the Democratic National Convention.

Clarkson—Continued from page 1.

herself, Clarkson said, adding that strong photographs and good, clean writing are the way to make stories meaningful for readers.

"You must have photos of the decisive moment," he said, "and those photos should show the commitment of the photographer."

Television news rarely shows the viewer anything resembling fast-breaking news stories, Clarkson said. Most television news programs are played out in front of "Star Wars news sets" and are "an endless drone of happy talk," he said.

After the 25th annual Dean Stoner night banquet, Clarkson compared most television news to pictures of children and dogs, silhouettes and sunsets splattered across the front pages of newspapers.

"That kind of approach just doesn't serve anybody," he said.

Clarkson knows plenty about being there for the decisive moment, having planned the coverage of four Olympic Games for magazines such as Time and Sports Illustrated.

"Getting behind the scene is where you'll find the story," he told a class of journalism students earlier in the day.

He said he went so far as to move around the Games like a coach.

Clarkson closed his presentation at the banquet with a slide show by photographer Jim Richards. Moving and eloquent in its portrayal of life in the small town of Cuba, Kansas, the story has the ingredients of a Pulitzer-winning story, compassion and commitment.

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