Fall 9-2004

PSY 110S.50: Organizational Psychology

Edward Moore

University of Montana - Missoula

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THE UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA
COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY
APPLIED ARTS AND SCIENCES DEPARTMENT
COURSE SYLLABUS

PSY 110S
ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

SEMESTER CREDITS: 3

CONTACT HOURS PER SEMESTER: 45
  Lecture hours per week: 3
  Lab hours per week: 0

INSTRUCTOR: Ed Moore
E-MAIL: emoore@mso.umt.edu
PHONE: (406) 243-7861
OFFICE LOCATION: Health and Business Bldg.
OFFICE HOURS: By appointment

RELATIONSHIP TO PROGRAMS: This course is a requirement for all College of Technology Associate of Applied Science Degrees.

COURSE DESCRIPTION: Foundation in the psychological processes that influence behavior of people in work settings.

REQUIRED TEXT: ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR Tenth Ed.
  by Stephen P. Robbins

POLICIES

• All assignments and activities must be completed by the assigned date—no exceptions

• "Make- up" quizzes are not given for any reason.

• No "drop slips" will be signed, after the 30th day of class.

SOURCE OF COURSE GRADE:

6 quizzes@50 points each = 300 points (41.6%)
3 writing assignments = 144 points (20%)
  Research Design 28.8 points
  Behavior Modification 57.6 points
  Motivation 57.6 points
Required Posts 180 points (25%) (subject and due date to be announced)
Final Exam 96.48 points (13.4%) Must be completed by midnight Friday, December 17, 2004
• A final exam will be administered as per the published final week schedule. If the score on the final exam is higher than your lowest quiz score, it will replace that score.

STUDENT PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODS AND GRADING PROCEDURES:

GRADING SCALE:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>100-90%</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>89-80%</td>
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<td>D</td>
<td>69-60%</td>
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<td>59% AND BELOW</td>
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STUDENT PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

1. Describe the major focus of the field of organizational psychology, including the three basic units of analysis used.
2. Trace the historical developments and schools of thought that influence the workplace of the present and future.
3. Describe the impact of globalization of the economy on the operation of organizations.
4. Explain the elements in the psychological process of perception.
5. Explain how the attribution process helps understand the causes of others' behavior.
6. Identify the "big five" dimensions of personality and explain how they relate to organizational behavior.
7. Define motivation and explain its importance in the field of organizational psychology.
8. Distinguish between the work-related motives of achievement, power, and affiliation.
9. Define attitudes and understand their basic components.
10. Identify and describe the major theories of job satisfaction.
11. Identify different types of groups operating within organizations and understand how they develop.
12. Explain how individual performance in groups is affected by the presence of others, the cultural diversity of group membership, and the number of others with whom one is working.
13. Describe the process of communication and its role in organizations.
14. Describe various types of individual differences with respect to how people communicate with each other.
15. Distinguish between formal and informal communication networks, and explain the influence of each on organizational communication.
16. Define conflict and indicate how it can produce positive as well as negative effects.
17. Identify why it is important for organizations to change
18. Explain the major factors making people resistant to organizational change and some ways of overcoming them.
Course Outline

I. Introduction to Organizational Psychology (OP)
   A. Definition of the Organization.
   B. Definition of Organizational Psychology
      1. OP applies the Scientific Method.
   C. OP employees three levels of analysis.
      1. The individual
      2. The group
      3. The organization

II. History of the Workplace and OP
   A. The Industrial Revolution (1750)
      1. Frederick Taylor and Scientific Management
      2. The Hawthorne Effect
      3. The Human Relations Movement

III. Perception
   A. The Perception Process
      1. stimuli
      2. perceptual system
      3. filter
      4. selectivity
      5. organize
      6. interpret
   B. Social Perception
      1. The Attribution Process
      2. The Imperfect Nature of Social Perception
      3. Organizational applications

IV. Individual Differences: Personality and Abilities
   A. Personality basic issues and key issues
   B. Work-Related Aspects of Personality
      1. the five dimensions of personality
      2. positive and negative affectivity
      3. type A behavior pattern
      4. self efficacy
      5. self monitoring
      6. Machiavellianism
      7. achievement motivation
   C. Abilities
      1. intellectual
      2. physical

V. Motivation in Organizations
   A. Motivation Defined--arousal, direction, maintenance of behavior
      1. Key points about motivation
   B. Motivating by meeting needs
      1. Maslow's Theory
      2. Alderfer's ERG Theory
   C. Motivating by Setting Goals
1. Locke and Latham's Goal-Setting Theory
2. Guidelines for setting goals
   D. Motivation by being fair
      1. Adams' Equity Theory
   E. Expectancy Theory

VI. Work-Related Attitudes
   A. Basis definition of attitudes
   B. Three components of attitudes
   C. Job Satisfaction
   D. Organizational Commitment
   E. Prejudice

VII. Group Dynamics and Teamwork
   A. Group defined
   B. Types of groups within the organization
   C. Structural dynamics of work groups
   D. Individual performance in groups
      1. Social Facilitation (working in the presence of others)
      2. Performance in culturally diverse groups
      3. Social Loafing

VIII. Communication in Organizations
   A. Definition
   B. Process of communication
      1. a basic model and its parts
   C. The role of communication in organizations
   D. Nonverbal communication
      1. Dress
      2. Time
      3. Space
   E. Personal Communication Styles
   F. Gender differences in Communication
   G. Formal and informal communication in organizations

IX. Conflict
   A. Definition/description of conflict
   B. Causes of conflict
   C. Phases of conflict
   D. Conflict styles
   E. Conflict Management

X. Organizational Culture
   A. Organizational culture defined
   B. Cultures within organizations
   C. Identifying organizational cultures
   D. Formation of organizational culture
   E. Consequences and capacity to change

XI. Organizational Change
   A. The prevalence of change in organizations
   B. The change process
   C. Resistance to Change